

Herald Tribune

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PARIS, MONDAY, MAY 24, 1971

Established 1887

Israeli Consul's Body Found in Istanbul Search

ANEBUL, May 23 (Reuters)—Ephraim Eiron, the Israeli consul-general kidnapped by leftist terrorists six days ago, was found and shot dead in a central Istanbul apartment today...

Argentinians Seize Turkish Consul

Prime Minister Nihat Erim expressed shock and sorrow at the killing, which he condemned as contrary to Turkish character and traditions.

Israeli Leaders Denounce Kidnappers

Imperialism and anti-Zionism in an underground war against the government. Prime Minister Nihat Erim expressed shock and sorrow at the killing, which he condemned as contrary to Turkish character and traditions.

Some Irish Ask UN Unit In Belfast

BELFAST, May 23 (AP)—Irish Republicans charging brutality by British troops called today for a United Nations observer team to be sent to this British-run province.

K. Tourists' Plane Crashes Yugoslavia; 75 Aboard Die

BRADE, May 23 (UPI)—Iran-made airliner of the Yugoslav Airways plucked a British tourist plane, crashed while attempting to land at Airport in the northern area.

Bringing Contraceptives from North Ireland

Women's Lib Arrives in Dublin Amid Tumult

DUBLIN, May 23 (UPI)—Millions of women's liberationists bags full of contraceptives among supporters in Dublin today last night while challenge to Catholic ban on birth control.



Canadian Prime Minister Trudeau at the controls of an Ilyushin-62.

Trudeau's Sinking Sensation in Russia

TASHKENT, U.S.S.R., May 23 (UPI)—Canada's Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau took over the joystick of his Soviet touring plane yesterday and, before he could get the knack, dropped the jet into a 2,300-foot shoot-the-chute.

U.S. Planes Attack SAM Sites As B-52s Bomb Red Artillery

SAIGON, May 23 (AP)—U.S. fighter-bombers attacked Communist surface-to-air missile sites in North Vietnam yesterday while B-52s bombed Communist artillery positions in the Demilitarized Zone following bombardments of U.S. positions, the U.S. Command said today.

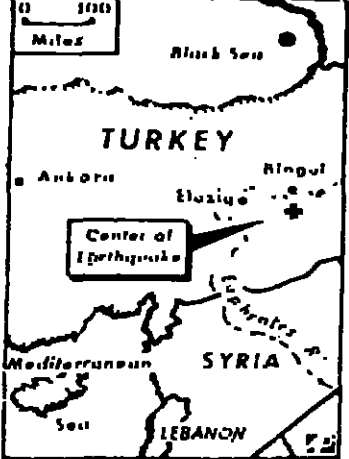
It's One Big Party at the Johnson Library

3,000 Dedicate It Bipartisanly

AUSTIN, Texas, May 23 (WP)—The biggest bipartisan political assembly since the 1969 presidential inauguration converged on this Texas capital city today to participate in the dedication of the Lyndon Baines Johnson Library and School of Public Affairs.

Toll 3,500 Dead in 5 Years New Quake in Turkey; 800 Bodies Recovered

ISTANBUL, May 23 (UPI)—Rescue workers picked their way through Turkey's devastated Anatolian region today, recovering hundreds of bodies from the rubble of villages struck yesterday by the country's second big earthquake in ten days.



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Review of Ties After Shake-up Podgorny Going to Egypt For Conference With Sadat

CAIRO, May 23 (NYT)—Nikolai V. Podgorny, the Soviet chief of state, will arrive in Cairo within a few days for an urgent review of Soviet-Egyptian relations following the shake-up in the regime of President Anwar el-Sadat, it was announced officially here tonight.

Nixon Submits His Program To Finance 2 Radios Abroad

WASHINGTON, May 23 (NYT)—President Nixon has asked Congress to set up a tax-exempt nonprofit corporation to finance and supervise Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.

SALT Talks Resume

VIENNA, May 23 (NYT)—United States and Soviet representatives in the strategic missile talks met yesterday for the first time since the recess two weeks ago because of a deadlock over the agenda.

President Nixon and former President Johnson at dedication of the LBJ Library.





# Heath Begins Campaign to Muster Tory Majority for EEC Entry Vote

LONDON, May 23 (Reuters).—Prime Minister Edward Heath today began his battle to win support at home for the political understanding obtained in Paris summit talks last week with French President Georges Pompidou.

He called seven senior colleagues to a working dinner tonight to discuss the summit results and plan a summer strategy for persuading Parliament and the people to accept a European-oriented Tory government.

Mr. Heath is to report to Parliament tomorrow on the Paris meetings after a meeting of the British cabinet.

Some concern has been expressed about parliamentary reaction to the new Paris moves. But government business managers are confident of obtaining party support for the kind of terms on British entry that they now expect to get in Luxembourg negotiating sessions next month.

**Majority Expected**

Sir Tufton Beamish, head of a group of pro-European Conservative parliamentarians, said in an interview today that he expected a really healthy parliamentary majority in any vote on entry terms recommended by Mr. Heath.

Government tacticians are hoping that the vote can take place before Parliament recesses late in July or early in August.

Two leading opponents of British entry, Conservative Enoch Powell and Labor's Peter Shore, a former economics minister, warned on a radio program today that public opinion is steadily becoming more hostile toward the European option.

Mr. Powell said that there was an increasingly passionate will and determination among the people not to go into the Common Market.

**Assets Thrown Away**

Mr. Shore said that there was deep anxiety that the Paris summit talks and earlier Brussels negotiations had resulted in a major collapse in the British position. The government had struck an appalling bargain and thrown away some of Britain's greatest assets, he said.

Mr. Heath, in his parliamentary statement tomorrow, will seek to reassure MPs that his discussions with Mr. Pompidou did not seriously weaken Britain's position on such important questions as New Zealand's dairy exports or Commonwealth sugar.

Britain's Sunday newspapers broadly took a cheerful line on the summit meetings. Commentators felt that political will to unity reached in Paris marked a new start.

# Bombings Hit Paris Offices Of Three British Companies

PARIS, May 23 (NYT).—Disasters, condemning the "capitalist Common Market," took responsibility for bombing attacks against three British businesses in Paris early yesterday.

The blasts were apparently timed to coincide with the visit here of Prime Minister Edward Heath, who in 12 hours of conversations with President Georges Pompidou advanced Britain's application to join the six-nation European Economic Community.

Windows were broken in the attacks on the showroom for Rolls-Royce cars, a garage of the British Leyland Motor Co., and the office that maintains a cross-channel ferry service for the nationalized British Railway System.

The three explosions occurred within 25 minutes of each other at around 2 a.m. By this time Mr. Heath, who rode in a black Rolls-Royce while in Paris, had already returned to Britain.

The French state-controlled news agency, Agence France-Press, received a statement from a group calling itself the Movement of International Revolutionary Solidarity which took credit for the attacks.

Police said the group was practically unknown. They had no immediate information that could identify the bombers.

The statement received by the AFP office protested against "British and French fascism" which, it said, were conspiring to consolidate Europe with police repression.

Similar words were in an open letter to Mr. Heath received by the Paris office of the British news agency, Reuters. The letter came from three anarchist groups identified as Commune Goyg 71, the Marquis Jacob Group and the Angry Brigade.

# Women's Lib Acts in Dublin

(Continued from Page 1)

crowd brandished her placard in the face of a burly police inspector and yelled, "Well, would you?" She looked about 14 years old, but the placard said, "Would you bear 12 children in 12 years like me?"

Other placards said: "Women are baby machines," "Women are the slaves of slaves," and "I'm on the pill—arrest me."

Police and railway porters pushed hard against the railings at the platform entrance to keep the crowd from breaking through.

Two railway officials dodged up and down the platform holding a big wooden board to block the view of the television cameras.

Once they came close to the railings and a young woman reached through and punched one of them on the nose.

"Coward," shouted other women in the crowd, "fighting with a woman."

He retreated looking puzzled.

**'Should Be Ashamed'**

A lone male pushed forward in the crowd and shouted at the women, "You should be ashamed of yourselves."

"Don't hit him," a woman yelled. "He's not big enough."

Earlier, arriving in Belfast, Mary Anderson, 23, women's page editor of a Dublin newspaper, said: "We believe the present Irish law operating against the importation of contraceptives and literature to be contrary to those articles of the constitution which promise personal freedom."

She said all the women who made the trip to Belfast had arranged in advance to be fitted with contraceptive devices in a Belfast clinic.

"Our objective is to make the (Irish) state realize and enact its obligation in regard to the promised freedom of individual human conscience," she said.

# Stockholm Gangs, Threatening Riot, Extort City Funds

STOCKHOLM, May 23 (Reuters).—A lone councillor forced to pay 4,000 crowns (\$750) toward a hoodlums' dance last night after they threatened to "turn Stockholm upside down."

The "raggare"—gangs of youths who roam the streets in old American cars and have a reputation for hooliganism—demanded the cash to stage a dance in a broken-down manor house in the suburb of Sollentuna, where they usually meet.

Urban Gibson, a local councillor, bowed to the threat. "This amounts to blackmail, but I saw no other way out," he said.

Rumors that the "raggare" planned to run amok last night led some central police stations to set up barriers across windows and doors, and call in extra men.

The gangs, who number between 300 and 400 youths, took advantage of a police slowdown one weekend last summer to terrorize parts of the city, looting shops and attacking women.

# Party Delegates Arrive in Prague For Congress

PRAGUE, April 23 (UPI).—Delegates from all over Czechoslovakia flocked into Prague today for the 14th congress of the Communist party which opens Tuesday.

The 1,400 delegates will convene in the convention hall of the suburban Pankratic Park center Tuesday morning—more than two years later than the congress originally had been scheduled.

The delegates are expected to be joined by top leaders from other Communist countries to support the pro-Soviet regime of Gustav Husak.

The 14th congress was to meet in September 1968 to celebrate the nation's liberal rebirth under the leadership of Alexander Dubcek.

When the Warsaw Pact troops invaded in August, 1968, liberal party members gathered a quorum and held the congress two weeks ahead of time in secret. The congress condemned the invasion.

Since then, the post-Dubcek party leadership has denounced the secret congress, renounced its decisions and declared that it never took place.

# Poll Shows Popularity Of Pompidou Rising

PARIS, May 23 (Reuters).—The popularity of President Georges Pompidou has risen steadily in the past two months, and 66 percent of Frenchmen are now satisfied with him, according to a public-opinion poll published here Friday.

The survey, carried out by the French Public Opinion Institute for the newspaper France Soir, said 26 percent were dissatisfied with the president—compared to 29 percent in March. The 66 percent figure for those satisfied compared with 55 percent in March and 63 percent in April.

# Pompidou to Bonn

BONN, May 23 (AP).—French President Georges Pompidou will come here July 5 and 6 for talks with Chancellor Willy Brandt, a government spokesman announced yesterday.

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Selling its Managing Agents:  
Dorothy Gibson-Holby & Inc., Inc.  
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Wednesday May 26:  
Collections and furs.  
Thursday, May 27: Boutique styles, materials, accessories, and fashion.

From 9:30 a.m. to 1 p.m.  
30 RUE DES CAPUCINES.

# Union Opposes Entry

HULL, England, May 23 (AP).—Britain's largest labor organization, the Transport and General Workers Union, decided yesterday to oppose British entry into the Common Market.

General secretary Jack Jones told a union rally: "We will press the Labor party leadership to share the biggest ever campaign on this issue to make sure we don't get hijacked into Europe."

Mr. Jones said that his union's 1,000,000 members did not see why Britain should give up its world role, which he thought more than ever essential.

**Pompidou to Visit Belgium**

BRUSSELS, May 23 (Reuters).—President Pompidou will arrive here tomorrow for a three-day state visit.

He is expected to discuss the outcome of his talks with Mr. Heath when he meets Belgian Premier Gaston Eyskens and other ministers on Tuesday.

President Pompidou is also likely to refer to the summit when he receives members of the Common Market Executive Commission, the community's top policy body, on the same day.

The Belgian visit was arranged long before Mr. Pompidou invited Mr. Heath to Paris.

# Israeli Consul Found Slain in Turkey

(Continued from Page 1)

Turkey this year, and the first in which a victim was killed.

Informed sources here agreed it will prompt skill stealer measures by the government against political terrorism which brought down Suleyman Demirel's government last March and now confronts his successor, Mr. Erim, with a still greater challenge.

Martial law has been in force in 11 of the country's 67 provinces for almost a month, and there is considerable little doubt that it will be extended for a similar period from this week as the government pursues its commitment to both military leaders and civilians to restore law and order.

After the janitor, investigating an open apartment door, found the body, military and civilian officials converged on the spot. Troops sealed off the area and began a house-to-house search of the neighborhood.

Mr. Erim, lying in a room littered with paper and remains of meals, was clad in blue shirt and black trousers. He had been shot with a pistol, medical officers said.

About 20 soldiers in full battle dress, led by a lieutenant armed with a submachine gun, sealed off the entrance to the apartment block as officials made their investigations at the death scene.

Other troops were posted at intersections and along side streets.

Police said the apartment in a smart residential area, was rented about six weeks ago. At least four young men who had used it were seen to enter the apartment about 7:00 p.m. yesterday and leave about an hour later carrying a suitcase. None of the neighbors reported hearing shots.

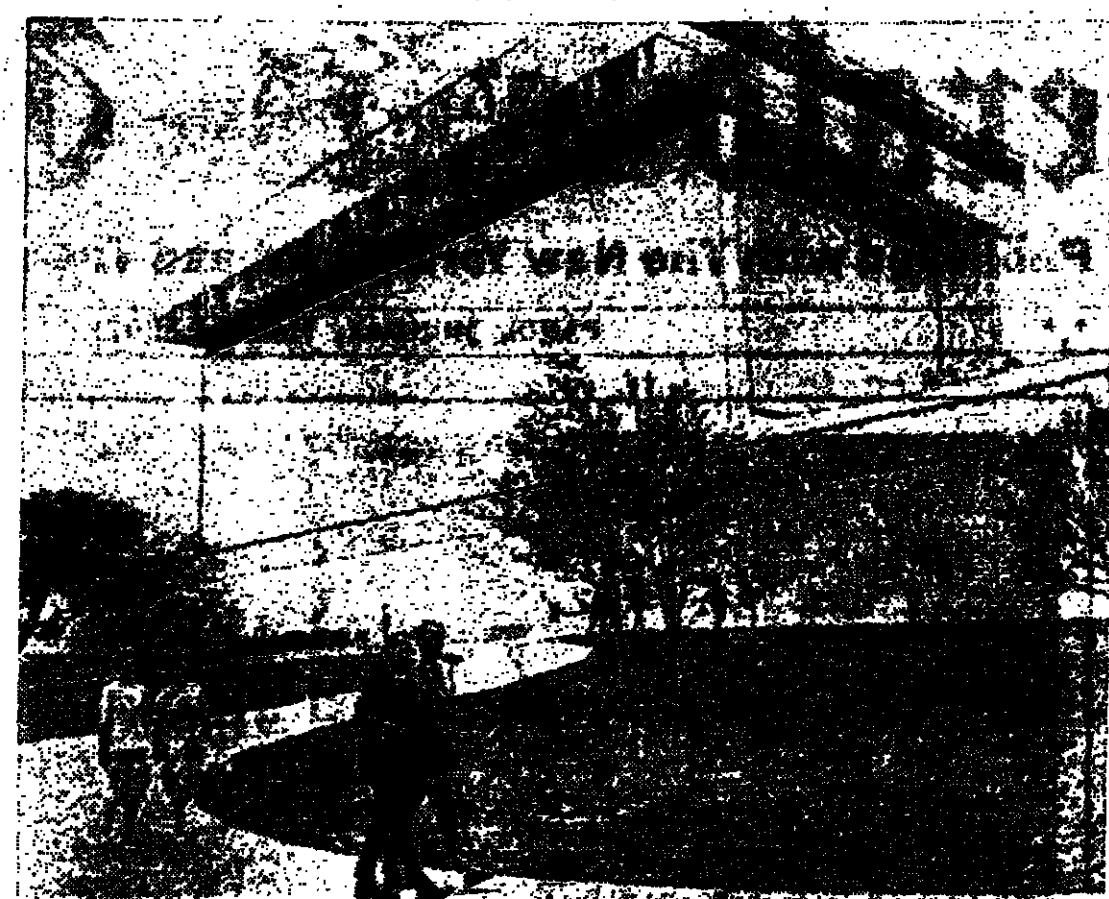
# Summer Time Begins Throughout Italy

ROME, May 23 (AP).—Italy went on summer time today for four months. But pressure is mounting in parliament to extend it throughout the year as in many European countries.

At midnight, clocks and watches were set ahead one hour. Summer time is scheduled to end at midnight on Sept. 25.

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Open every day, except Sundays



PRESIDENTIAL TOUR—Former President Lyndon Johnson takes President Nixon on a tour of the grounds of the new LBJ Library (background) on the Austin campus of Texas University on Saturday. They are followed by Mrs. Nixon and Mrs. Johnson.

# The LBJ Library Is Dedicated And It's Just One Big Party

(Continued from Page 1)

Office in the White House while Mr. Johnson was President. It is owned by the National Gallery of Art.

**A Surprise**

Apparently surprised by the presentation, Mr. Johnson recalled that he was in House Speaker Sam Rayburn's office in the Capitol when the call came from the White House advising Harry S. Truman that President Roosevelt was dead.

Mr. Johnson said that Mr. Truman ran from the room exclaiming, "Jesus Christ and Andrew Jackson!"

President Johnson, who once thought of calling his administration the "Can Do" administration, said in his speech that the documents contain millions of words, but "the two that best express my philosophy are the words 'man' and 'man'."

The documents, he said, "picture a sweep of history that began with the Depression and ended with the most prosperous era we have ever known."

"Here are 31 million documents," he said, "to be preserved for the nation—for all who care to review and evaluate—and they will reflect what man—and man—can do and cannot do in one life."

Then the President spoke. He said that "Mrs. Nixon and I are honored to be here deep in the heart of Texas. The heart of America at this moment today is in the heart of Texas."

Describing the problems of the presidency, Mr. Nixon said that a president "is the one who must speak for all the people."

**Many Outlooks**

"A man of one region must speak for all regions," he said. "A man of one party must strive to see how problems look from the other party's point of view. A man who has crusaded for a

cause recognizes that he has a responsibility to those of the opposite view, as well as to those with whom he agrees."

The President quoted Sen. Albert Beveridge of Indiana, who said in 1898 that the man who is "the partisan of principle is a prince of citizenship."

Wherever the great issues are concerned, President Johnson was always "a partisan of principle and not a partisan of party," Mr. Nixon said.

After the ceremony, Mr. Nixon flew to Key Biscayne, Fla., for the weekend. He will speak in two Alabama cities—Mobile and Birmingham—enroute to Washington Tuesday.

The Johnsons welcomed the 3,000 remaining guests at a Texas-size barbecue on the library grounds.



LITTLE LYNDON—4-year-old Patrick Lyndon Nugent, grandson of former President Johnson, yawns as he listens to a speech during the dedication of grandfather's library.

# Israeli Leaders Voice Horror Disgust at Murder of Consul

JERUSALEM, May 23 (Reuters).—Israeli leaders today expressed horror and disgust at the murder of the kidnapped Israeli consul-general in Istanbul, Ephraim Eitam.

Premier Golda Meir described Mr. Eitam's death as a senseless tragedy, and Foreign Minister Abba Eban called it a disgusting crime.

In a bitter attack on the Turkish Republic's liberation Army, responsible for the kidnapping, Deputy Premier Yigal Allon declared, "An organization and persons who preach the dignity of the freedom of mankind and whose hands are stained with the blood of the innocent are nothing but a dangerous and depraved gang."

He called on the Turkish government to do all in its power to bring "those responsible for this horrifying crime" to justice.

In a statement at Lydda International Airport before leaving for Scandinavia, Mrs. Meir thanked the Turkish government for its efforts to save Mr. Eitam's life, although some people in the street said the Turkish authorities had apparently left the kidnappers no room to negotiate.

The Turkish government's refusal to submit to the kidnappers' ultimatum, however, coincided with the policy adopted by the Israeli government in similar cases of kidnapping or hijacking.

Mrs. Meir in Copenhagen

COPENHAGEN, May 23 (UPI).—Israeli Prime Minister Golda Meir arrived today on a ten-day visit to the four Scandinavian countries.

She was received by Foreign Minister Poul Hartling and Israeli Ambassador for Moscow, Lesbon at heavily guarded Kastrup International Airport.

# Without NATO, Too Much Ostpolitik

WASHINGTON, May 23 (UPI).—Retiring Army Secretary Stanley R. Resor said today that if American involvement in Vietnam led to isolationism and unilateral troop withdrawals from Europe, then the U.S. role in Vietnam was "unwise."

Mr. Resor, who submitted his resignation Friday after serving as the top civilian in the U.S. Army since the Vietnam war buildup began in 1965, said Americans must learn to distinguish between their roles in Western Europe and in Asia. The American interests are primarily in Europe, he declared.

If the United States were to desert Europe now, there will be a real danger that the Germans will turn East," he said.

Mr. Resor also said West German Chancellor Willy Brandt's Ostpolitik "as (Defense Minister) Helmut Schmidt has made so clear, is dependent on a strong NATO."

Mr. Resor said that the current American force levels in Europe "buy time for Western Europe to develop those policies and institutions which you see growing right before your eyes."

He added, however, that if Vietnam "were to result in a U.S. return to isolationism, if this were to result in significant unilateral reduction of (U.S.) forces in Europe, then surely a (Vietnam) would have been an unwise thing to do."

Mr. Resor warned that one of the results of drastic reduction of American forces in Europe would be that Germany would try to accommodate with the Russians "and undermine the possibilities (of European union) which look so promising."

# Laird Flys For 2 NA Conference

WASHINGTON, May 23 (UPI).—Secretary of Defense Laird left today for North Atlantic Treaty Organization meetings in Europe.

In a departure he urged NATO partners to unilateral armed force "at this time," improved prospects for agreement on nuclear matters.

Adm. Thomas H. Moorer, the Joint Chiefs of Staff, is staying in Washington for a session of the NATO Defense Planning Conference.

These are semiannual U.S.-Soviet talks.

The sessions come as a Soviet-U.S. agreement on limitations on offensive and defensive nuclear development regains momentum.

This development, hopes for substantive talks with the Warsaw Pact, is reducing the forces on both sides.

Mr. Laird and Adm. Moorer are concerned about movement toward present in these areas.

The readiness of NATO to maintain commitments to the alliance is being tested.

"Any move toward stripping of forces at this time would, in jeopardy the likelihood of substantive negotiations and balanced force."

Mr. Laird said.

# Senate Action

Asked what effect the Senate rejection to have the 300,000 gallons in Europe, Mr. Laird said he feels it is a great deal of a U.S. contribution.

The defense secretary said that at defense minister sees will focus on the elements in the Me area, where the Russian built up their naval strength.

He said that the military aircraft, especially into Egypt.

There have been that Mr. Laird will NATO countries to the alliance's naval force Mediterranean.

# Resor Says U.S. Isolationism Might Block European Union

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# Battered But Wiser

WASHINGTON, May 23 (UPI).—Mr. Resor yesterday looked back over six years of war and found both the nation and the Army battered but—he hoped—wiser.

He admitted that in hindsight he had doubts about the wisdom of the United States getting involved in Vietnam.

But it will still take time, he said, for him to reach any "final conclusions."

Mr. Resor, who will remain as Army secretary while a successor is sought, also voiced doubts about the administration's plans for an all-volunteer Army unless Congress concentrates on bonus pay for combat units instead of across-the-board pay raises for all.

On Vietnam, Mr. Resor said that the outcome has yet to be determined.

"If it turns out that we can achieve our objectives in Vietnam, and I think there is still a good chance that they can stand on their own feet with a viable government, and if we can recover domestically from our discouragement and divisions, then on balance it may turn out to be a good thing."

Whatever the outcome in Vietnam, Mr. Resor said, "I think it is clear now that the costs in the sense of divisiveness were greatly underestimated, as were the difficulties over what we were trying to do there militarily."

"It's our longest war and the one with the least public support," Mr. Resor said. "The cost in terms of lives, money and the whole attitude of young people to old institutions... have come crashing down on the Army. The morale problem has been difficult."

"Yet," he said, "in spite of that,

# HEATH

ALGERIA	18 01
ANDORRA	18 01
ANGOLA	22 72
ANTIGUA	26 77
ARGENTINA	18 01
ARMENIA	18 01
AUSTRALIA	18 01
AUSTRIA	18 01
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BANGLADESH	18 01
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United States	18 01
Uruguay	18 01
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Venezuela	18 01
Vietnam	18 01
Yemen	18 01
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Selling its Managing Agents:  
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**NINA RICCI**  
Days of Sales

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Collections and furs.  
Thursday, May 27: Boutique styles, materials, accessories, and fashion.

From 9:30 a.m. to 1 p.m.  
30 RUE DES CAPUCINES.

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Tax Free. Fragrances also available.  
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4th floor on the left  
Open every day, except Sundays

مكتبة الأصيل



Attacks in 4 Days

Launches Massive Hunt Killers of 2 Policemen

By Robert D. McFadden

NEW YORK, May 23 (NYT).—Police Commissioner Patrick V. Murphy held a news conference yesterday, where he announced a massive hunt for the killers of two policemen in Harlem Friday.

Police Commissioner Patrick V. Murphy ordered beefed-up patrols to protect the lives of police officers.

Police headquarters, where Mr. Murphy held a news conference yesterday, where he announced a massive hunt for the killers of two policemen in Harlem Friday.



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Associated Press. INCREASED VIGILANCE—Two New York policemen, one armed with his personal rifle, talking after the ambush of two of their fellow officers on Saturday.

Britain a Powerful Attraction For U.S. University Teachers

By Bernard Weinraub

LONDON, May 23 (NYT).—For a variety of reasons, ranging from the effects of the Vietnam war to the economic crunch, American university teachers are coming to Britain in greater numbers than ever.

Over 700 Americans are now teaching or conducting research here, more than double the figure ten years ago.

At the University of Cambridge, 400 Americans are now teaching or in research. Two years ago there were 143.

For the past year or so there's been quite an increase although salaries here are half what they are in the States.

Director of the Institute of United States Studies at the University of London, "Some of it is the specific result of the Vietnam war."

The academic intellectual revolution toward the war has been very powerful and the resulting student unrest has made teaching very unhappy in the States.

At the Fulbright Commission, also known as the United States-United Kingdom Commission, which assists graduate students and scholars, one official who asked to remain unidentified said: "There's certainly more interest this year than earlier."

The great expansion has ended. Money isn't available. Some of the higher universities have had to retrench. Also, the general atmosphere in the academic world has put off a lot of scholars.

Other Commonwealth countries, especially Australia, as well as France and Germany, have also lured American teachers, but Britain is still the prime attraction.

The U.S. Embassy lists more than 700 "senior American scholars" working or teaching here this year.

Officials said, however, that current estimates failed to take into account hundreds of doctoral candidates working on research projects here and omitted the unknown number of American teaching applicants at British universities.

Robin W. Winks, cultural attaché at the U.S. Embassy, said: "Yes, there has been a marked increase in people who want to come here on one-year sabbaticals or research and those who express an interest in coming here permanently."

"Squeeze on Hiring Ph. D.s" "Certainly the number of Americans on sabbaticals has doubled over the past five years. There's

'Most Difficult Season in 20 Years'

Fewer Jobs for '71 College Grads

By Wayne King

NEW YORK, May 23 (NYT).—The job outlook for college graduates, which was bad last year, is even worse today.

College and university placement officers and government agencies in every part of the country paint the same bleak picture: fewer jobs, few options for graduates, greater competition.

At the same time, for those lucky enough to find a job, salaries remain high, although the upward spiral of past years has slowed or stopped in most cases.

Some industry recruiters who have visited the same campuses for years are not even paying courtesy calls this year.

When the recruiters do show up, as they did at Pittsburgh's Carnegie-Mellon University recently, they are apt to find hopeful seniors swaddled in blankets and camping in the hallways, there since the night before in order to be first in line.

The skilled graduates who three or four years ago could have had their pick of job offers at good starting salaries may now have to pump gas or drive a taxi, said a California university official. But even that option is limited.

The summer job picture is also the worst in years.

Among 30 student applicants for four summer gardening jobs listed at the University of California at San Diego, for example, were six Ph.D. candidates.

Other colleges report similar problems.

Hardest hit among those seeking permanent jobs, according to a survey conducted by the College Placement Council, a private nonprofit organization, are graduates in engineering, the sciences, mathematics and other technical disciplines.

Warren E. Kaufman, editor of the council's publications, said the survey indicated that "last year [the job outlook] was much tougher than the previous year, and this year is regarded as the most difficult recruiting season in 20 years—or longer."

The council serves some 2,100 employers and 1,300 colleges in the United States and Canada.

In its survey of employers, Mr. Kaufman said, the council found that companies expected to hire 23 percent fewer new employees this year than last.

In broad categories, the council found that business graduates could be expected to be affected least—although a drop of 18 percent from last year's hiring level was projected.

Engineering could expect 27 percent fewer job offers, while liberal arts graduates could expect a 23 percent drop.

Despite an impassioned appeal by the Rev. Leon Sullivan, the first black member of the GM board of directors, a proposal calling on the company to pull out of South Africa received only 2.97 million of the 229 million

the same percentage as graduates in non-technical fields other than business. A drop of 31 percent was projected in technical disciplines other than engineering, mathematics, physics, chemistry and the like.

Recent interviews with college placement directors indicate the projections are being borne out.

Trouble in U.K. Too LONDON, May 23 (UPI).—British university graduates will

have a tougher time finding jobs this year than at any time in the recent past, an expert said last week.

Bryan Pitt, chairman of the Standing Conference of University Appointment Services, termed it "not a crisis, but a difficult situation."

"The indications are that this year is going to be a bad one, possibly the worst we have encountered, because of the recession," he told a news conference.

Device Photographs Speeders; Congressman Asks, 'Is This 1983?'

WASHINGTON, May 23 (AP).—A Texas defense firm told Congress Friday of its invention to detect and photograph highway speeders.

It's called Orbis II and, to hear the industry people talk, it will drive radar out of business as a way of scaring American speeders into slowing down.

The driver knows his picture has been taken because a dull red flash is emitted by the conspicuous but hardly threatening-looking roadside device, which houses cameras.

In Arlington, Texas, the police department, in an experiment with the device, has sent out more warnings than tickets to people photographed in the act of speeding. The photographs are kept on computerized files until, or if, a case is to be pursued beyond the warning.

"I must say some persons get anxious about that possibility of photos being mailed to them," Arlington Mayor Tom Vandergriff said.

At least one congressman had some qualms. "Does anybody feel that in doing this we're, if not in 1984, at least in 1983?" Rep. Patrick Caffery, D., La., asked, referring to the specter of state spying in George Orwell's novel "1984."

Mayor Vandergriff said the system does have some critics, "but I can't emphasize the fact enough that the overwhelming majority of our citizens are thrilled by the security it gives us."

Reform Group Is Defeated At GM Stockholders Meeting

DETROIT, May 23 (AP).—Reformers wishing to give the public a greater role in the management of General Motors suffered an overwhelming defeat at the firm's annual stockholder meeting Friday.

Only one of the three proposals advanced by the reformers in the Project on Corporate Responsibility—Campaign GM received more than 2 percent of the vote.

All fell short of the 3 percent that had been predicted by Campaign GM's leadership and which would have permitted reconsideration of the proposals at next year's meeting.

Despite an impassioned appeal by the Rev. Leon Sullivan, the first black member of the GM board of directors, a proposal calling on the company to pull out of South Africa received only 2.97 million of the 229 million

votes cast on the question. An agency of the Episcopal Church had offered that proposal.

Two proposals backed by the group, associated with consumer advocate Ralph Nader, would have revised the way in which directors of the world's largest industrial firm are elected.

One, to allow stockholders to nominate and vote individually for board candidates, received 3.1 million votes or 1.36 percent of the shares voted.

A second, which would have allowed GM dealers, employees and customers to nominate candidates for the board, received only 1.1 percent of the vote.

A proposal to require GM's annual report to include information on the company's minority hiring, anti-pollution and safety activities received 2.36 percent of the vote.

Cleaver's Wife Pays Visit To Cannes Film Festival

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

CANNES, May 23 (UPI).—Kathleen Cleaver, wife of the Black Panther leader, paid an unexpected visit to the Cannes Film Festival tonight.

Arriving uninvited, she held a press conference at the Malmesbury Hotel, where directors participating in the Quinzaine du Cinema are interviewed.

Mrs. Cleaver announced that she had come to Cannes to raise funds and technical support for a "People's Revolutionary Network."

She is displeased that films made about the Black Panther movement have brought neither financial benefits to the party nor even copies of the films.

It is her opinion that the "big media" have distorted information on the movement in general, but she had qualified praise for two documentaries, "Fred Hampton," and "Bridgeway Cleaver."

"People come to us from all over the world to make films, but when we approach them to make our own films, it is a very different story," she complained. "When I got to Paris I found the people who might help us were in Cannes. When I got here I found that \$1 million had been spent on a film about ants."

This remark is a reference to the surprise hit of the festival, "Hellsprung Chronicle," a study of insect life shown to great applause (out of competition) on the festival program last night.

Borman Flies Lockheed Airbus, Calls It 'Winner'

PALMDALE, Calif., May 23 (AP).—Futura astronaut Frank Borman test-flown Lockheed's L-1011 TriStar Airbus to 30,000 feet yesterday and later called it "a real winner."

Mr. Borman, 42, now a vice-president of Eastern Air Lines, said he was "extremely pleased" with the plane's performance.

Eastern, one of six airlines ordering the TriStar, is Lockheed's biggest customer, with firm orders for 37 planes and options for 13 others.

The Nixon administration has sent Congress a bill seeking a federal guarantee of \$250 million in loans for financially pressed Lockheed, whose TriStar project was severely jolted Feb. 4 when Britain's Rolls-Royce Ltd., the manufacturer of the plane's RB-211 engine, went into receivership.

Three TriStars are finished and are being test-flown, and another 13 are on the assembly lines, but no new planes are being built pending resolution of Lockheed's financial problems, a spokesman said.

Iranian Says He's A Father at 140

TEHRAN, May 23 (UPI).—Farmer Bakha Ali Sabzei, who claims to be 140 years old, says he is the father of a month-old daughter.

The Tehran newspaper Etisalat said Bakha Ali's 34-year-old wife, Mah Soltan ("Sultan of the Moon") bore the girl they called Soghra a month ago in the farming village of Khavah, south of Tehran.

Mah Soltan is the farmer's third wife, the newspaper said.

Nixon's Reply Upsets Black Congressmen

WASHINGTON, May 23 (WP).—President Nixon's reply to the 60 recommendations of the congressional Black Caucus was characterized by the caucus chairman today as "deeply disappointing" and a "tragedy."

Rep. Charles C. Diggs, D., Mich., asserted that the President's reaction amounted to little more than "a codification of what has already been done. That's the tragedy."

Turks Move to Cut Illicit Opium Traffic

ANKARA, May 23 (AP).—The Turkish government has raised the price it pays farmers for raw opium, a move designed to keep opium from being sidetracked into the black market.

Prices paid depending on the quality were raised from 80-110 Turkish liras (\$5.86-7.30) to 185-195 Turkish liras (\$9-12.30) per kilogram, the state Soil Products Office announced.

CHL SWISS PERFUMES-GLOVES BAGS-TIES-GIFTS... While in NEW YORK CITY stay at the ST END HOTEL for Women... AKFAST & DINNER

Miami and Mexico start in Paris... AERONAVES DE MEXICO... On your journey to Mexico choose the route of the sun and from the airport you will start to feel the unequalled Mexican Hospitality... Welcome to our Super DC8-63.

FROM ANTWERP BELGIUM the DIAMOND for you... Now buy a Diamond at better than wholesale prices from a Dutch source... INTERNATIONAL DIAMOND SALES

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when you're in California please come to see one of the world's great menswear stores, meanwhile HAVE A GREAT TRIP... Carroll & Co.

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Specialize in taking the risk out of relocating... At Homeric we have helped over 65,000 relocating families settle into communities and homes that best fit their particular mode of living.

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At Homeric we have helped over 65,000 relocating families settle into communities and homes that best fit their particular mode of living... HOMERICA



### YMCA Asks U.S. To Quit Vietnam

WASHINGTON, May 23 (UPI)—The YMCA, in its first venture into political combat, called yesterday for "complete withdrawal of all military forces from Vietnam... at the earliest possible time."

About 450 members of the organization's National Council approved the position after debating a more strongly worded proposal that would have demanded total withdrawal by no later than Dec. 31.

The final version pledged the YMCA's support to "reconstruction of lives, land and property in any part of Indochina where such assistance is requested."

### Sir Robert Thompson Probed Security Nixon's 'Independent' Expert Led \$100,000 Vietnam Study

By Murray Marder

WASHINGTON, May 23 (UPI)—Sir Robert Thompson, the British expert on counterinsurgency who is President Nixon's favorite "independent" expert on Vietnam, has directed a \$100,000 study of that nation's police-security needs under a contract authorized by the White House.

Administration officials acknowledged yesterday, in response to questions, that Sir Robert and "five other senior British police officials" were given the contract as a team. The contract was to advise the South Vietnamese government and, in turn, provide information for U.S. planners.

Sir Robert spent ten weeks on the project in South Vietnam,

from late January until early April, and was in Washington last week for consultation.

Sir Robert for years has been a controversial advocate of the "long-haul" strategy in Vietnam, maintaining that success in the war can be achieved through persistence. His critics call him, among other things, a "professional zealot" on guerrilla warfare.

Administration spokesmen described the contract arrangement with his group as a National Security Council contract, for expenditures "not to exceed 100,000 dollars" with costs to be paid out of funds of the Agency for International Development.

#### Details Withheld

An AID spokesman said AID cannot supply details about the contract except that "AID is funding the contract out of supporting assistance funds for Vietnam, because it was a study of the South Vietnamese police system and we have an interest there and a project there."

No information about Sir Robert's financial arrangements with U.S. agencies has come to light previously. An NSC spokesman said that the police-study contract was entirely different from the personal investigation in South Vietnam that Mr. Nixon commissioned Sir Robert to do in 1969.

Mr. Nixon disclosed on Dec. 15, 1969, in a nationwide address, that he consulted Sir Robert because he wanted "independent judgments from individuals who are experts" on the Vietnam war, "but who are not directly involved in the operations themselves."

The President lauded Sir Robert as "one of the major architects of the victory over the Communist guerrillas who attempted to take over Malaya in the 1950's" and noted that he recently had written a book, "No Exit From Vietnam," that was "very pessimistic about the conduct of the war."

Mr. Nixon said he asked Sir Robert to make a candid "independent" report on Vietnam. After a five-week investigation, Sir Robert reported back that there were impressive advances in the outlook. The President said Sir Robert reported, in part, that "a winning position in the sense of obtaining a just peace (whether negotiated or not) and of maintaining an independent, non-Communist South Vietnam has been achieved, but we are not through yet..."

The President said he shared this "cautiously optimistic" appraisal. Sir Robert has been an adviser to U.S. administrations for ten years. He headed the British advisory mission to Vietnam in 1961-65, and gave advice to the Kennedy administration during the strategic hamlet phase of the Vietnamese pacification program. He later became a consultant for the Rand Corporation and also worked with the Brookings Institution, operating frequently on government-supported contracts.

Sir Robert's assessments from his latest trip to South Vietnam are classified "Secret," however, to be arguing that the allied moves into Cambodia last year and into Laos early this year show that such operations continue to be vital to the defense of South Vietnam, despite strategic shortcomings of the Laos assault.

### Schiller Takes His Third Wife

BONN, May 23 (UPI)—Economic and Finance Minister Karl Schiller, 60, married 35-year-old Dr. Etra Bekel in a simple ceremony in Hannover Friday, a Bonn government spokesman confirmed yesterday.

The spokesman said Chancellor Willy Brandt sent a congratulatory telegram to the couple.

It was Mr. Schiller's third marriage. He was divorced from his second wife last year and has three daughters and one son. His first marriage also ended in divorce.

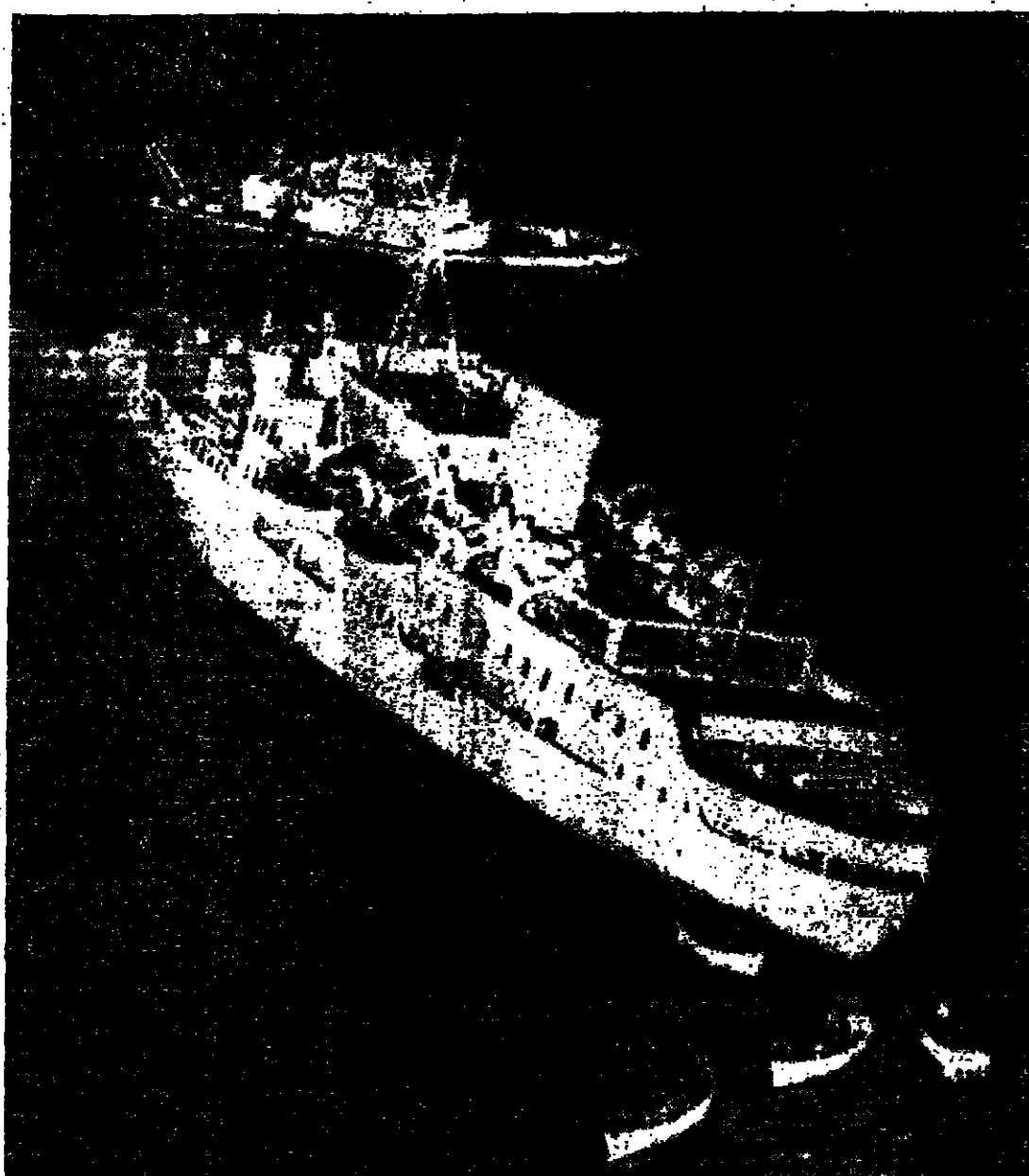
### Brothers' War Swap Is Over; Army Prepares AWOL Case

SAIGON, May 23 (UPI)—Spec. 4 Glenn Storer went back to the war today while waiting for authorities to prepare charges that could put him in the stocks for as long as six months for switching places with his look-alike civilian brother.

His 22-year-old ex-instructor brother, Wesley, for the third day in a row failed to get a seat on a plane home that will mark the end of his "tour" in the war zone, where he briefly played at being a GI.

The Storer brothers of Yarrmouth, Maine, decided to swap places last month when 21-year-old Glenn was home on leave after six months in Vietnam and didn't want to return to finish out combat duty of another six months as a rifleman in an American Division reconnaissance company.

Wesley was turned in by soldiers when the company started packing in readiness to leave the Chu Lai base camp for duty in the bush around the northern port city of Da Nang. Glenn



ABANDON SHIP—Passengers from the "Meteor" in lifeboats off Vancouver on Saturday.

### 18 Missing; All 66 Passengers Rescued 14 Die in Cruise Ship Fire Off Vancouver

VANCOUVER, British Columbia, May 23 (Reuters)—At least 14 crewmen were known dead and 18 missing today following an explosion and fire yesterday aboard the Norwegian cruise liner Meteor.

All 66 passengers and four injured crew members were rescued from lifeboats by the Alaska ferry Malaspina. Of the 91 originally in the crew, 35 reached shore uninjured and 17, including the captain, Alf Moran, remained on the Meteor, which limped into the harbor after the fire was finally extinguished here today.

The explosion and fire ripped through the forward section of the Meteor.

Engine boy Steiner Bottolfsen, 19, who was taken to a hospital here for treatment of burns, said he saw some of his shipmates die from suffocation or burns.

The passengers praised the Norwegian crew for the way they handled the evacuation of the ship.

An American, Mrs. A. L. Ulrich, said: "We woke up to pounding on the door about 3 a.m. and we were in the lifeboat two hours later."

Another American, Mrs. Robert Rice, said: "Everyone was calm. The crew was terrific."

Esther Roska, 23, a stewardess on the ship, said she was asleep in her cabin in the bow when a crewman entered about 2:30 a.m. "He just went right out," she said. But after he left she was unable to sleep so she turned on the cabin light. It was then she saw "smoke and flames licking under the cabin door." When she opened the door she

saw "a wall of flames outside" and "had to run about 20 feet." On deck, there were "many people running and shouting."

Miss Roska said she went to the dining room, where she reported the fire to the second steward. "He asked me where

it was burning. He didn't even know about it. He asked who started it and I said I didn't know," she said.

She was brought to Vancouver on the Malaspina where she was treated for a badly burned left arm.

### Italy Is Rebuilding Tuscania As It Was Before Earthquake

By Louis B. Fleming

TUSCANIA, Italy—Stone by weathered stone, this medieval city is being rebuilt.

The 14th-century houses will be reconstructed first out of the rubble of the February earthquake, and then the churches and other monumental structures.

The Italian parliament has decided to commit \$80 million to the unprecedented project. But more is involved than the restoration of a treasure of medieval and Renaissance art and architecture. The city's unique life, a blend of medieval self-sufficiency in the mid-20th century, is being preserved as well.

Hundreds of townfolk now weave through a forest of timber holding up the walls that did not fall, sorting stones that will be placed again just as they were 500 or 600 years ago.

Modern Interiors

But the facade is all that will be the same. Inside, there will be modern plumbing and heating and the walls and floors will be reinforced with new lightweight metal in the hope that this will offer some protection should another earthquake strike.

The project is unique in the world. Nowhere else has a town the size of this one been rebuilt stone by stone.

When the town of Melito, 80 miles east of Naples, was damaged in a quake nine years ago, the state built a new town of modern buildings and ordered the old razed. When the earthquake of 1980 hit the Belice Valley in Sicily, it destroyed four towns and damaged ten others.

The state appropriated \$200 million for new homes but insisted that they be built in new towns at safer locations.

But Tuscania is different. There are two towns here. There is the old walled city, the home of 5,000 persons, built where Etruscans once lived, and there are the new high-rise apartment blocks outside the walls, where 2,000 others live. The new buildings suffered little in the earthquake. But the old city was destroyed and all of its inhabitants were evacuated.

The city is now sealed. The ancient ramparts hide most of the damage. Corrugated steel fences and high gates now bar entry through the walled gateways except to the workers.

Time Is Problem

"Our only real problem now is time," Prof. Italo Faldi, superintendent in the provincial office of fine arts, said. "It will take a long time to rebuild this city. We want to make sure that the people do not lose hope and go away, moving to the industrial north of Italy or to Switzerland or Germany."

There has always been a small

### Bomb Blasts Damage 4 Offices in Milan

MILAN, May 23 (UPI)—Bombs damaged a newspaper office and a Communist party headquarters, a World War II veterans association office and the city hall of suburban Sesto San Giovanni late last night.

Leaflets were left at three of the sites claiming that an extreme rightist organization called the Mussolini Action Squad carried out the attacks. There were no injuries and damage was confined to broken windows and charred walls and doors.

### Singapore Publisher Denies Charges of Aiding Subversion

SINGAPORE, May 23 (AP)—Singapore publisher Lee Ee-seng challenged the government of Lee Kuan Yew today to defend publicly the charges under which it jailed four of his top executives for an indefinite period.

"I am demanding that these four be brought to open trial," Mr. Lee said. "Let the government face the people. Or it can set up a public commission of inquiry."

Mr. Lee denied allegations that the four men working on his newspaper, Wangyang Sheng Pau, glorified Communism or sought to arouse Chinese communal passions.

The authorities have claimed that the men confessed to responsibility for what they called the newspaper's campaign to trifurcate the Chinese. But Mr. Lee charged that any admissions were made under duress during 30 days of constant interrogation without legal aid. He also denied that Nanyang had mounted such a campaign.

### Paper Averts Collapse

SINGAPORE, May 23 (Reuters)—The Singapore Herald today took advantage of an eleventh-hour reprieve yesterday in its struggle against political and financial pressure by bringing out its first Sunday edition.

A Herald spokesman said that a record 58,000 copies of the paper went on the streets this morning after the Chase Manhattan Bank agreed to further talks on the paper's \$338,000 debt.

The print run was at least four times bigger than the circulation a week before the English-language daily became embroiled in a political confrontation with

### Reston Going to China

NEW YORK, May 23 (Reuters)—James Reston, vice-president and columnist of the New York Times, is to visit China soon, the newspaper announced yesterday. He has been granted a visa by Peking.

### Lady Reading, First Woman In House of Lords, Dies

LONDON, May 23 (NYT)—Stella Dowager Marchioness of Reading, 77, the founder and inspiration of Britain's Women's Voluntary Service for Civil Defense, now the Women's Royal Voluntary Service, and a close friend for years of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, died yesterday in her London home.

An erect, handsome and commanding woman, Lady Reading was long a leader in social reform and British public life. In 1955, after being named to a life peerage, she became the first woman to take a seat in the House of Lords.

Her own title was Baroness Swanborough, a name she took from her country home, Swanborough Manor, 40 miles south of here. But she preferred to be known by her husband's name. Lady Reading was the widow of the first Marquess of Reading, who served as viceroy of India, special ambassador to the United States and foreign secretary. As Miss Stella Charnock, she was Lord Reading's secretary in India and London. When the first Lady Reading died in 1930, Miss Charnock became his political hostess. They married in 1931, to wide public acclaim. She was 37 and he 71.

After her husband's death in 1935, Lady Reading, recalling his admonition that the future of democracy could well depend on better understanding of the Americans by the English, took the name of Mrs. Read and traveled incognito across the United States.

She slept in dollar-a-night rooms and worked as a dishwasher, getting to know—and love—the American people, but her trip was interrupted by a call from President Franklin D. Roosevelt. That was the beginning of her deep friendship with Mrs. Roosevelt.

The Women's Voluntary Service, which she organized at the request of the government just before World War II, helped move women and children out of the bomb-threatened cities, ran mobile canteens even during air raids, provided cars and drivers for various services, organized supplies for hospitals and comforts for lonely anti-aircraft posts, worked in rest centers and shelters and assisted generally in civil defense.

Today, the women are engaged in welfare work for children, old people and the handicapped, non-medical work in hospitals and civil defense recruitment and training.

Denis King

NEW YORK, May 23 (UPI)—Denis King, 73, a versatile Broadway actor whose lighted several genre theatergoers, died here yesterday.

Born in Coventry, England, he began his career at 17 in the British repertory in 1934. He made his debut as a singing actor in the role of hero John Henry in the musical "The King."

A long list of starring dramas followed. His way role was in John Galsworthy's "A Patriot for 1939-40 season, that a Tony Award drama.

Allan Cary Sewell

NEW YORK, May 23 (UPI)—Allan Cary Sewell, retired in 1960 as dean of the office of general at the United Nations Thursday in New York Hospital, died here today at 70.

Mr. Sewell played a leading role in the 1939-40 season, that a Tony Award drama.

### New Flow of On Etna Is 1 To Nine Vill

CATANIA, Sicily, (UPI)—A new river of lava down the slopes of Mount Etna at 230 feet last night and threat to the village of Pizzolungo.

The mayor of Catania of 383,000 persons sprang for Etna, orders to Pizzolungo closed it except persons file homes.

Authorities said that of molten rock seem to be contained in the bed it had been full since that it is a speed it showed tonight would be doomed.

Most of the 1,000 directly above the Sanfilippo, Pizzolungo had come to a near halt as night fell. Finger of lava rushed through trees, setting them away with its heat on toward the three another six villages the lower slopes of the volcano.

The mayors of the eight villages could today on a joint effort to evacuate the area.

### Pravda Sues U.S. Pilots For Israel

MOSCOW, May 23 (UPI)—Pravda commentator U.S. pilots from V have flown against the six-day war.

Commentator L. I. the latest attack of the Soviet press, a several American file pilots on leave from outbreak of war in East four years ago.

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"But the Israeli is not thinking of rest. They were preparing for a new outbreak of war in East four years ago. Mr. Kuznetsov said told him they were rael to rest as a new service."

### Renault Workers To Vote on Pact

PARIS, May 23 (Reuters)—Management and union representatives of the big Renault plant at Le Mans yesterday reached a preliminary agreement on a 23-day strike.

After talks lasting until early morning, the three unions involved said they would now be able to offer their members "a positive compromise," but it would be up to the men to decide. The workers are scheduled to meet today to vote on the agreement.

The strike at the Le Mans plant, although it involves only about 5,000 men, has virtually idled 22,000 workers in the other plants of France's largest auto producer and No. 1 exporter.

### Hussein Sh His Cabinet

AMMAN, May 23 (UPI)—Hussein of Jordan in seven-month-old cal day, a government spokesman said.

Three ministers in three new cabinets were appointed. Three ministers were appointed in the took new portfolios, announcement said.

There was no change in the cabinet man, Prime Minister retained his post.

### Israel Firm on Canal Tei Ready to Buck U.S. Pres

JERUSALEM, May 23 (Reuters)—Israel stood firm today on its conditions for reopening the Suez Canal and was ready to resist U.S. pressure if necessary, following recent hard-line statements by Egyptian President Anwar el-Sadat.

At its weekly session today the cabinet discussed the president's speech last Thursday, in which he demanded an Egyptian troop crossing of the waterway and rejected an unlimited cease-fire in any agreement to reopen the canal. Both conditions have been rejected by Israel.

Foreign Minister Abba Eban told his cabinet colleagues that he regarded Mr. Sadat's speech as "negative and extreme," a government spokesman said.

No fresh moves were expected to be made by the Israeli government on the Suez issue for at least a fortnight in view of

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### CIA Finances Thai Troops Fighting in Northern Laos

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, May 23 (UPI)—Two investigators just back from Indochina told Senate subcommittee in secret session Friday that the CIA is covertly financing 4,800 Thai troops fighting in northern Laos in support of the Laotian government.

Sen. Clifford P. Case, R., N.J., told reporters after the meeting that the CIA had begun hiring Thai troops several years ago to fight in northern Laos and was apparently considerably increasing the number now because "the pool of people available for military operations is shrinking rapidly."

These expenditures, however, have been kept secret.

Sen. Case said that the report given to the subcommittee on foreign relations by James Lowenstein and Richard Moses confirmed his own information, obtained here privately from government sources, that "there are 4,000 to 6,000 Thai troops in Laos, and the U.S. government, through the CIA, is paying for them."

Subcommittee Chairman Stuart Symington, D., Mo., refused to give details of the cost of the Thai operation, but said, "The money angle is surprising, it's on the high side."

Another source said, however, that the pay and allowances for the Thais would run to perhaps \$2,000 a year per man—or about \$10 million for the 4,800 men—plus equipment, transportation and other items that could easily double, perhaps triple, the initial figure.

Sen. Case also said the report confirmed that while general U.S. air activities over northern Laos had been decreasing, B-52 bombing raids there "had increased."

Other senators present gave these details:

• Sen. Frank Church, D., Idaho, an Indochina war critic, said: "The whole lurid tale of this covert war makes it obvious that if Congress is to recover control

### U.S. Warns Saigon on Drug Traffic

WASHINGTON, May 23 (UPI)—The United States reportedly has accused the South Vietnamese government of profiting from drug traffic and threatened to reduce support of the war unless something is done. According to a report by Reps. Robert H. Steele, R., Conn., and Morgan Murphy, D., Ill., the warning was contained in a "strongly worded memorandum" from U.S. Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker to South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu. The report is to be made public Wednesday.

The congressmen based their report on a tour of eight countries they made to study world traffic in heroin. In addition to South Vietnam, they visited Switzerland, France, Italy, Turkey, Iran, Thailand and Japan.

Rep. Steele, a former agent for the Central Intelligence Agency, and Rep. Murphy said American officials had become so alarmed that Mr. Thieu wrote Mr. Thieu warning of "the magnitude of the drug problem and the serious impact that a continuation of illicit traffic in drugs, particularly heroin, will have on the American support of the national effort."

The bunker memo listed a series of recommendations to Mr. Thieu, which included the following comments:

• "Appoint a presidential task force of highly qualified, dedicated and honest investigators to immediately investigate and prosecute the financiers and backers who comprise the powers behind drug trafficking."

• "These men are responsible for manipulating, fostering, protecting and promoting the illicit traffic in drugs. They include influential political figures, government officials and moneyed ethnic Chinese members of the criminal syndicate now flourishing in the Cholon sector of Saigon."

Rep. Steele and Rep. Murphy said: "The U.S. Military Command has supplied Ambassador Bunker with the names of high-ranking Vietnamese officials it suspects of involvement in the heroin trade and believes that the commission has reached the point where only forceful intervention by President Thieu can succeed in checking the traffic."

### 2 Years for Pamphlets

MADRID, May 23 (Reuters)—A man who scattered Communist propaganda pamphlets in a Madrid street last May 23 was sentenced today to two years' imprisonment for the public order court, which tries political offenses.

### Singapore Publisher Denies Charges of Aiding Subversion

SINGAPORE, May 23 (AP)—Singapore publisher Lee Ee-seng challenged the government of Lee Kuan Yew today to defend publicly the charges under which it jailed four of his top executives for an indefinite period.

"I am demanding that these four be brought to open trial," Mr. Lee said. "Let the government face the people. Or it can set up a public commission of inquiry."

Mr. Lee denied allegations that the four men working on his newspaper, Wangyang Sheng Pau, glorified Communism or sought to arouse Chinese communal passions.

The authorities have claimed that the men confessed to responsibility for what they called the newspaper's campaign to trifurcate the Chinese. But Mr. Lee charged that any admissions were made under duress during 30 days of constant interrogation without legal aid. He also denied that Nanyang had mounted such a campaign.

### Pravda Sues U.S. Pilots For Israel

MOSCOW, May 23 (UPI)—Pravda commentator U.S. pilots from V have flown against the six-day war.

Commentator L. I. the latest attack of the Soviet press, a several American file pilots on leave from outbreak of war in East four years ago.

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"But the Israeli is not thinking of rest. They were preparing for a new outbreak of war in East four years ago. Mr. Kuznetsov said told him they were rael to rest as a new service."

### Renault Workers To Vote on Pact

PARIS, May 23 (Reuters)—Management and union representatives of the big Renault plant at Le Mans yesterday reached a preliminary agreement on a 23-day strike.

After talks lasting until early morning, the three unions involved said they would now be able to offer their members "a positive compromise," but it would be up to the men to decide. The workers are scheduled to meet today to vote on the agreement.

The strike at the Le Mans plant, although it involves only about 5,000 men, has virtually idled 22,000 workers in the other plants of France's largest auto producer and No. 1 exporter.

### Hussein Sh His Cabinet

AMMAN, May 23 (UPI)—Hussein of Jordan in seven-month-old cal day, a government spokesman said.

Three ministers in three new cabinets were appointed. Three ministers were appointed in the took new portfolios, announcement said.

There was no change in the cabinet man, Prime Minister retained his post.

### Israel Firm on Canal Tei Ready to Buck U.S. Pres

JERUSALEM, May 23 (Reuters)—Israel stood firm today on its conditions for reopening the Suez Canal and was ready to resist U.S. pressure if necessary, following recent hard-line statements by Egyptian President Anwar el-Sadat.

At its weekly session today the cabinet discussed the president's speech last Thursday, in which he demanded an Egyptian troop crossing of the waterway and rejected an unlimited cease-fire in any agreement to reopen the canal. Both conditions have been rejected by Israel.

Foreign Minister Abba Eban told his cabinet colleagues that he regarded Mr. Sadat's speech as "negative and extreme," a government spokesman said.

No fresh moves were expected to be made by the Israeli government on the Suez issue for at least a fortnight in view of

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مکان العمل



هكذا من الأهل

Paths Off for Good Behavior

Soviets Reported Ready to Free Writer Sinyavsky

By Henry Shapiro

NEW YORK, May 23 (UPI)—Soviet officials have agreed to release writer Andrei Sinyavsky, who is serving a two-year term in a "strict re-education" camp, unofficial Soviet sources said today.

The world-renowned writer, who in 1966 caused a protest among Westerners, may be freed for good behavior within the next few months, the sources said. Sinyavsky's wife, an art teacher at a Moscow school, and other relatives have apparently not been notified.

It is possible to obtain information of what may be a political conviction. The Soviet Criminal Code provides for good behavior after completion of half of the term. This rule does not apply to those tried for treason or anti-Soviet activities.

Sinyavsky, 45, who wrote under the pseudonym Abram Tertz, was convicted under Article 70 of the Code, which provides for the purpose of subverting or propagating anti-Soviet propaganda.

But their sudden action seconds after the Pontiff appeared at the window of his apartment failed to disrupt his regular Sunday blessing of tourists and pilgrims.

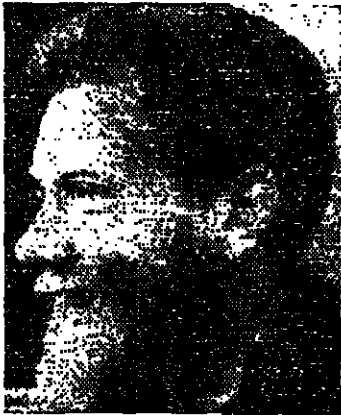
It was the biggest demonstration so far staged by the followers of Michel Collin, a defrocked Roman Catholic priest who says that he is the real Pope.

A strong wind whirled the leaflets high into the air in front of St. Peter's Basilica. They were in full view of the Pope but he made no reference to the incident.

Plainclothes policemen mingling in the crowd grabbed some of the demonstrators, including one man who shouted "Fascist" when the Pope appeared.

Police said that about a dozen persons were briefly detained for questioning.

Pope Clement's supporters staged the first demonstration in memory inside the Vatican on Dec. 30 when they disrupted a papal audience for several seconds before being hustled out by Swiss Guards.



Andrei D. Sinyavsky

Klin, 80 miles northwest of Moscow, had appealed "for aid" to the Czechoslovak Embassy in 1968 and 1969. It said the appeals were rejected and that in the last nine months the two had been dismissed from their jobs. "We were starving and sold off our things in order not to die from hunger. To our requests for work and accommodation... Soviet and party bodies were simply deaf and did not reply to our petitions," the document added.

French Anti-Pope's Disciples Toss Leaflets at St. Peter's

VATICAN CITY, May 23 (UPI)—Disciples of a Frenchman who calls himself Pope Clement XV flung thousands of leaflets into a crowd listening to Pope Paul VI in St. Peter's Square today.

But their sudden action seconds after the Pontiff appeared at the window of his apartment failed to disrupt his regular Sunday blessing of tourists and pilgrims.

Some of the leaflets called on the Pope to renounce his "heresy" and reveal the "third secret of Fatima"—an obsession with the followers of the anti-pope and many others.

This refers to a secret that some Roman Catholics believe was delivered to three Portuguese children by the Virgin Mary in 1917 and later given to the Roman Pontiffs for safekeeping.

Today, they were scattered among about 25,000 persons gathered for the Pope's blessing. Pope Clement himself was apparently not among the demonstrators. He was deported in February, 1969, as an "undesirable" person after he arrived to set up a rival Vatican in a Milan apartment accompanied by eight "cardinals" and two "Swiss Guards."

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The 22-year-old East German scaled barbed wire obstacles, a tall concrete wall and waded through a river to reach West Germany before Communist guards noticed, police said yesterday.

Milan Police Jail Adonis, Mafia Chief

Move Is Preparatory To Exile to Village

MILAN, May 23 (AP)—Joe Adonis, longtime reputed gambling king of the U.S. East Coast, was in jail today, more than 15 years after his return to Italy from America.

Adonis, 69, was placed in Milan's San Vittore Jail on a "preventive custody" warrant signed by the local court. Police Chief Ferruccio Allitto had asked for the warrant pending a court decision on another request that Adonis be exiled to some small Italian village.

The exile procedure is a common practice in Italy against Mafia and other underworld figures. Last week, 17 reputed Mafia chieftains were deported to the island of Leros in the Mediterranean. Police did not say immediately why they were acting against Adonis, who was taken from his elegant, seventh-floor apartment in downtown Milan where he lived alone.

Adonis complained that he was suffering from heart trouble. But a doctor said he was fit enough to go to jail.

Adonis left the United States in 1956 after repeated trouble with police. For months he moved around Italy trying to avoid publicity. At one time, he took up farming. His notoriety trailed him, however, and once, three months after his arrival in Italy, a priest refused to accept him as a godfather at a baptism.

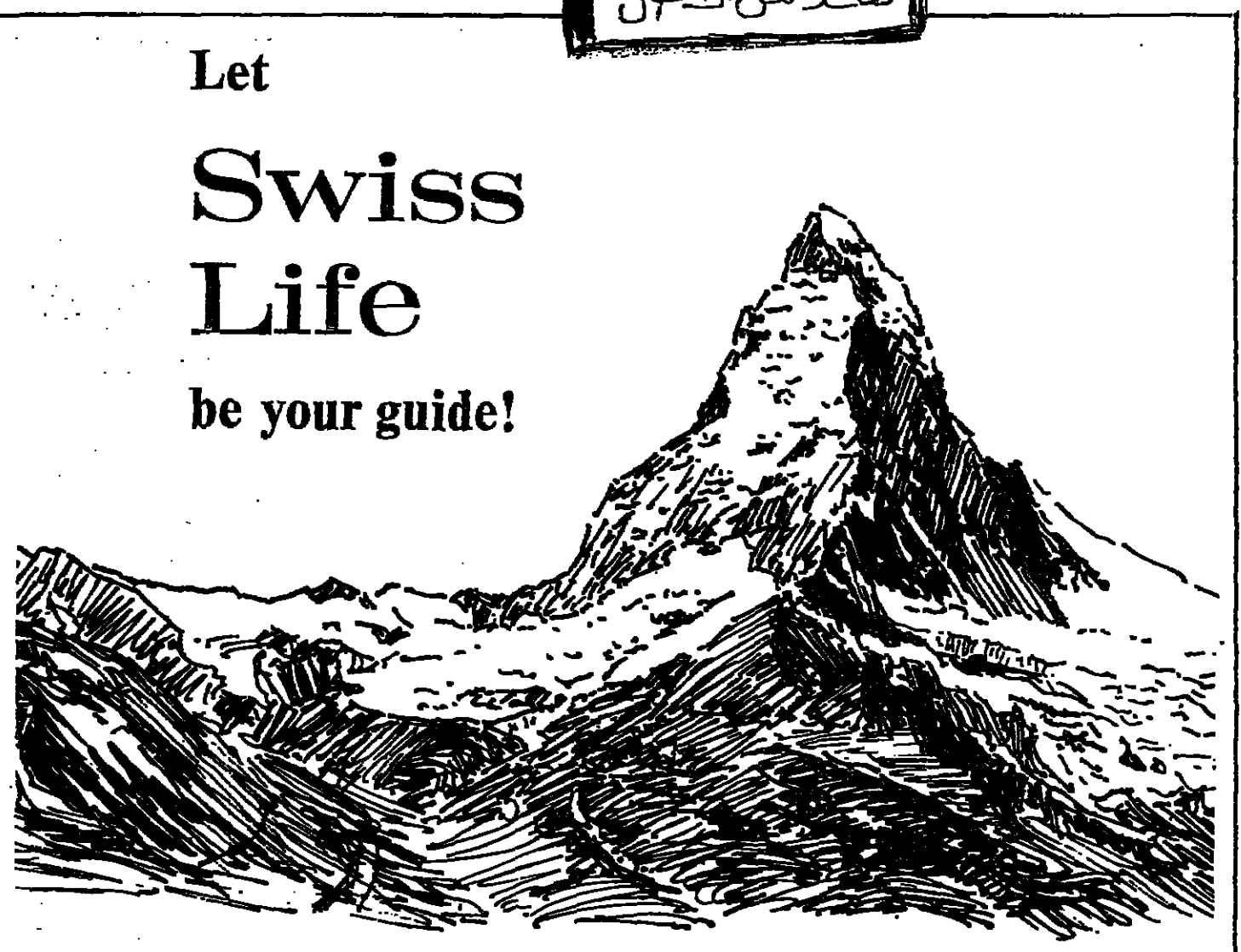
Adonis, whose real name is Giuseppe Doto, later said that he was "going straight."

He was occasionally questioned by police in crime investigations in recent years but never charged.

Bolivia Orders End To Peace Corps Work

LA PAZ, Bolivia, May 23 (Reuters)—The Bolivian government Friday night declared the United States Peace Corps "unnecessary" and said its 100 members now working in Bolivia would have to leave.

The announcement followed demands by leftwing students and workers' organizations that Peace Corps workers be expelled on the grounds that they included drug addicts and spies for the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency.



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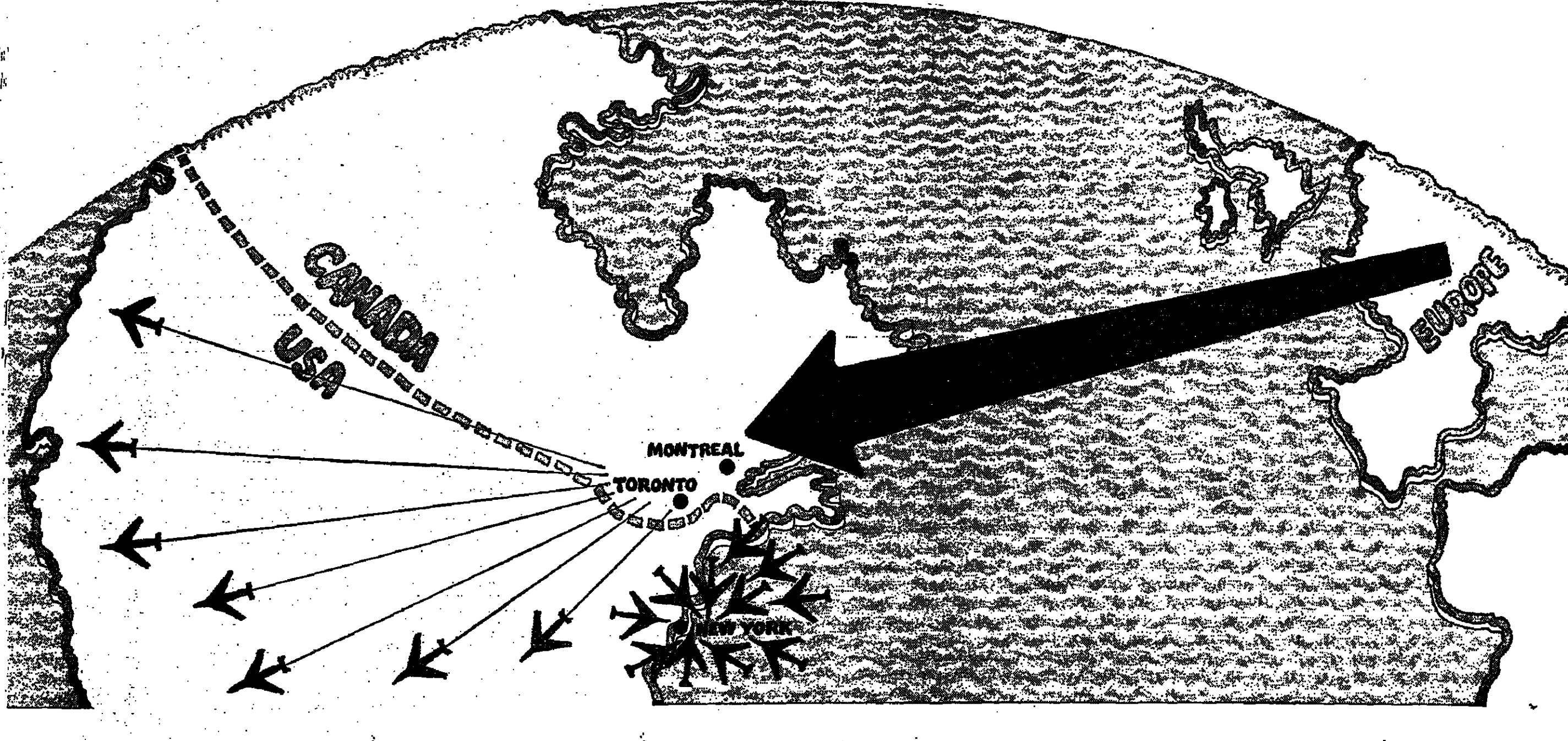
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AIR CANADA





# The Upheaval in Egypt And a Chance for the U.S.

By Raymond H. Anderson  
CAIRO (NYT).—The hour of revolution has struck!

Those ominous words of an Egyptian patriotic song went out over the Cairo radio shortly after 11 p.m. Thursday, May 13, following a startling news announcement that five of President Anwar Sadat's cabinet ministers had abruptly resigned. The drama of political showdown was confronting Mr. Sadat, the head of an uneasy collective leadership of strong men who had inherited power in Egypt following Gamal Abdel Nasser's death last Sept. 28.

Mr. Sadat, himself a master conspirator in the years before the overthrow of King Farouk in 1952, was listening to the broadcast. He understood instantly what was afoot—an intrigue to challenge his leadership.

Only 11 days earlier, he had dismissed one of the strong men, the enigmatic Aly Sabry, the friend of Moscow who had become one of two vice-presidents in the post-Nasser leadership. In the hours before the showdown, Mr. Sabry ordered the resignation of another of the strong men, Charouf Gomaa, a deputy premier and the minister of interior who had control over the security police and a nationwide network of informers, surveillance agents, telephone-tapping gear and other listening devices.

The ouster of Mr. Gomaa triggered the other resignations as a show of solidarity. Many details of the confrontation are still shadowy, but several conclusions seem clear:

• Mr. Sadat was more agile, shrewd and determined in the showdown than his challengers and, decisively, he had the support of public opinion and the loyalty of military commanders except for the unpopular Lt. Gen. Mohammed Fawzi, the minister of war.

• Mr. Sadat's triumph over his leadership rivals has left him clearly the master of Egypt's immediate destiny. And, despite the power he seems to have consolidated in his person, that destiny, he vowed to the National Assembly, is to be put in the hands of the people through free elections.

• The rout of a leftist faction in the Arab Socialist Union is a setback to the Soviet Union's ideological ambitions in the Middle East. But economic, military and diplomatic cooperation seem unlikely to be seriously affected.

• An unexpected opportunity has arisen for the United States to improve its relations with Egypt and at the same time bolster Mr. Sadat, but only by walking across hot coals to put pressure on Israel to quit Arab lands.

The political crisis struck Egypt like a whirlwind, a swift and menacing but short-lived storm: At 10:38 p.m. on May 13, a message arrived at Mr. Sadat's home.

It contained the resignations of Gen. Fawzi; Mohammed Fayed, the minister of information; Sami Sharaf, minister of state for presidential affairs, and two lesser officials. "The message said that more resignations would be coming and that they would be broadcast at 11 o'clock," Mr. Sadat declared the next night in an emotional broadcast to the Egyptian people. Mr. Fayed, a former intelligence officer, was at the broadcast center to ensure that his subordinates read the resignation announcement over the scheduled news program.

The Cairo radio then broadcast the crowd-stirring phrase "The hour of revolution has struck!" and patriotic songs to whip up fervor among listeners.

"The hour of revolution" had indeed struck, but not in the sense intended by Mr. Sadat's foes in the leadership. Within a few hours the major foes were under house arrest and later were moved to prisons. Before 24 hours had passed, Mr. Sadat was in supreme control of Egypt, with a new cabinet made up of loyal supporters and competent specialists, mainly pro-Western.

## ASU Crippled

The vaunted Arab Socialist Union, the mass political organization and source of much opposition to Mr. Sadat, had been crippled with the resignations and later arrests of three leftist mem-

bers of the ruling eight-member Higher Executive Committee: Abdel Mohsen Abdul Nur, secretary-general, Dr. Iabid Shukair and Diaddin Daoud.

A secret Communist-oriented group in the Arab Socialist Union was being broken up and its members arrested.

Mr. Sadat won support from Egyptians of all classes by arousing their wrath against police-state restraints and fear, a legacy from the years of revolutionary struggle and conspiracy since 1952.

In one area of vital importance, a settlement of the long conflict with Israel, Mr. Sadat's enhanced authority is of decisive benefit. He can make and enforce decisions on terms that would have broken apart before under challenge by his "collective leadership" colleagues.

This is of major concern to the United States, eager for a settlement but apprehensive in the past whether Egypt would or could abide by settlement commitments.

The United States has been gravely troubled by the Russian military presence in Egypt, and appears ready to move more vigorously to get the Israelis away from the Suez Canal, and later out of all the Sinai Peninsula, in exchange for assurances that the Russian combat personnel would leave Egypt. Mr. Sadat was reported to have given such assurances to Secretary of State William P. Rogers during his visit to Cairo early this month.

Some days after the death of Nasser, the eight-member Higher Executive Committee of the Arab Socialist Union unanimously selected Mr. Sadat to succeed Nasser as president, and the eventual steps of endorsement and referendum were mere formalities.

But Mr. Sadat was chosen as a compromise figure, who was expected to be attentive to the will of the core of leaders. The first three months of the Egyptian collective leadership went smoothly enough, with major attention devoted to correcting internal problems, as best as possible with limited funds, and the distraction of finding reasons to extend the Suez Canal cease-fire beyond its Nov. 5 expiration.



President Sadat addressing a national assembly. Behind him is Aly Sabry, who was ousted by the Cairo chief.

The tranquil surface of the regime was first ruffled on Dec. 29, when Mr. Sadat issued a decree abolishing a practice of arbitrary seizure of property for political or other offenses. He ordered measures to return property unjustly confiscated and strict legal procedures for any future take-overs considered necessary for the good of the state.

The decree upset some of the more class-struggle-oriented members of the Egyptian leadership, fearful of a strengthening of the middle class.

The next shock for the Nasser heirs came on Feb. 4, when Mr. Sadat announced an "initiative" to reopen the Suez Canal in exchange for an Israeli pullback from the waterway, leaving the Israelis in the Sinai Peninsula until a final settlement.

A gathering storm against Mr. Sadat gained momentum in March, following his decision to open "friendship offensives" to elicit U.S. support for achieving a political settlement with Israel.

About this time, it appears that Mr. Sabry and his backers decided that it would be necessary either to curb Mr. Sadat's authority or to overthrow him.

They were given an opportunity when Mr. Sadat, for military reasons, agreed at a meeting in Benghazi, Libya, on April 17 to link Egypt with Syria and Libya in a federation. The Egyptian people have been cool to thoughts of Arab union since their bitter experience with Syria more than a decade ago.

Mr. Sabry decided to use the federation issue as a weapon against Mr. Sadat. He assailed the plan at a meeting of the Higher Executive Committee of the Arab Socialist Union and achieved a five-to-three vote against Mr. Sadat.

Victory seemed assured. As Mr. Sadat related to the Egyptian people in his broadcast, he insisted upon taking the issue to the 150-member Central Committee for discussion and a vote.

An uproar resulted at the meeting, on April 25. Mr. Sadat, in defense, disclosed that the Egyptians had military air bases in Syria and needed some form of unity agreement to ensure an eastern front against Israel.

The disorder and shouting continued against Mr. Sadat, and it appeared that he was on his way to the precipice. A subcommittee was formed to study the federation statutes, and the debate was put off.

Mr. Sabry's objective, Egyptians report, was to humiliate Mr. Sadat by forcing him to go back to the Syrian and Libyan leaders and inform them that the federation was canceled. At the same time, they say, he had in mind the possibility of being able to develop the issue into a crisis and extract a resignation by Mr. Sadat as president.

The president was two jumps ahead of Mr. Sabry and his fellow plotters, however. The night after the Central Committee fiasco, Mr. Sadat summoned the top military commanders to his home, informed them of the challenge and asked: "Where do you stand?"

The chief of staff, Lt. Gen. Mohammed Sadek, spoke out: "I stand with you, the supreme commander." Other officers voted their support, but Gen. Fawzi, the war minister, was silent.

The conspirators, aware of a secret decree by Mr. Sadat for harsh emergency measures if the Central Committee once again erupted against him, spread the word around. Mr. Sabry sought to apologize to Mr. Sadat, and on April 29, to Mr. Sadat's surprise, the Central Committee voted unanimously in favor of the federation, whose statutes had been weakened to lessen any loss of Egyptian sovereignty.

Two days later, the president went to the industrial suburb of Helwan and put the handwriting on the wall with critical remarks about "centers of power" seeking to "dictate their will on the people." The next night he dismissed Mr. Sabry.

The subsequent events leading to the dramatic night of May 13 and the following 24 hours are still somewhat obscure, with only Mr. Sadat's version of the events having been made public.

For the moment, Mr. Sadat is fully in control of the situation in Egypt. But how long can it last? Most diplomats give him half a year or so before pressures begin to mount again, unless there is a settlement with Israel before then on honorable terms.

Mr. Sadat's fate now is up to the Americans, a European diplomat said. "If they don't get him a decent settlement with Israel, then hold your hat!"

# Canton Revisited

Two Decades Show Pronounced Changes, a New It

The author, an assistant managing editor of The New York Times, was a reporter in mainland China from 1946 to 1949. He returned there last week for a three-week visit.

By Seymour Topping

CANTON (NYT).—In 1949, a few months before the Communists seized Canton, two Americans clambered out of rickshas at the entrance to a hotel on Shamenee Island, the old foreign quarter.

In a boisterous mood, one American flung a handful of nearly worthless Chinese Nationalist currency into the air in payment for the ricksha fares. The other watched the sweating, panting ricksha men scramble in dust for the bills and reflected on this humiliation brought on by war, government corruption and inflation.

On returning to this teeming southern metropolis after two decades, one finds the face of society transformed. A new Canton man has emerged. His old nerve and individuality seem to have yielded to passivity, but he also obviously lives better and carries himself with restored dignity.

Old bawling Canton, with its raucous downtown neon lights, is gone. Also gone are the emaciated beggars who stood outside restaurants with outstretched palms and looked in at banquet tables where most of the refectory dishes were left half consumed by the rich. Forgotten are the brothels where rouged-faced girls with flashing eyes and chatting, birdlike voices insisted to rough foreign seamen on the civility of sipping tea ceremoniously before sex was dispensed.

## No Mah-Jongg

Strolling down narrow alleys flanked by two and three-story white plastered buildings, one does not hear the clack-clack of Mah-Jongg tiles.

On broad, clean streets, traffic moves in a disciplined procession. There are few cars or trucks, and none of them is driven by the swearing, argumentative drivers who once abused each other and helpless traffic policemen. Today unarmed policemen dressed in green military tunics over blue trousers effortlessly direct streams of bicyclists and pedestrians.

The people, dressed in white or blue shirts over unpressed trousers, look neat and content but strangely silent and ordered.

On larger thoroughfares such as Liberation Boulevard, people crowd grimly but politely into efficient-looking buses powered either by overhead electric lines or conventional gasoline motors.

## Later Hours

Big shops and department stores remain open until 9 p.m. Still later into the night, tiny shack-like booths stay open selling hot, steaming food, cigarettes and basic commodities. Some of these cubicles are privately operated, but the owners are forbidden to hire employees, and they must adhere to uniform government price levels.

In the years before the Communist takeover on Oct. 14, 1949, shops were crammed with luxury foreign goods. Foreign businessmen still come to Canton, the international trading center of China, by the thousands during the official one-month fall and spring fairs. But they no longer peddle silk stockings, French wines and automobiles. The 3,000 businessmen, half of them Japanese, who went home last week after the spring fair, came to sell essential industrial machinery and buy raw materials.

In the dining room of the Tung Fung Hotel, foreign businessmen patiently waited to be served by waiters whom they addressed as Tung Chih or Comrade, not crying Boy! as in the old days.

## Crowded Store

In the poorly lighted three-story Nanfang Department Store, the largest in Canton, crowds surged about counters buying such household necessities as thermos jugs, soap, preserves and bolts of plain cloth.

The average worker in Canton is said to earn 60 to 70 yuan (\$25 to \$30) a month. At Nanfang, a customer was paying seven yuan for a large aluminum cooking pot, 27 yuan for a table electric fan, 21 yuan for a medium-sized plastic suitcase and 51 yuan for a cheap-looking portable transistor radio.

A woman's cotton blouse was selling for 4.85 yuan, with matching slacks for 4.25 yuan.

While store prices are high, Cantonese can afford some such purchases because of their low rents. An unmarried worker can bunk in a factory-dormitory for less than one yuan a month. His food costs 15 yuan more. A family can get living quarters, including a bedroom and kitchen facilities, for three or four yuan.

## For Foreigners

Adjoining Nanfang Department Store is a Friendship Shop for foreigners, where officials of the Polish and North Vietnamese Consulates in Canton as well as seamen and visiting businessmen shop. Here there is a better selection of goods, including a sewing machine made in Canton, the

bicycles and brocade cloth. Payment is in yuan purchased with foreign currency.

Housing developments seem limited, but driving down the embankment of the Pearl River, which divides Canton, some new construction can be seen, notably the 37-story Canton Hotel, the largest building in the city, which towers over the trade-fair complex. On the south side of the river, new housing has been constructed for fishermen and their families, who once lived in sampans by the quayside.

## New Bridge

Adjacent to Shamenee Island, which is linked by a bridge to the north bank, there is a new, handsome stone bridge across the

Pearl River. It was completed in 1967 at the height of the Cultural Revolution. The bridge across the river which was repaired in years after the Nation at its in their retreat.

Foreigners have been shuttled to the island, the mansions and the mansions converted into government or shabby and crowded quarters.

Schoolboys in blue uniforms play volleyball on old tennis courts. On lovely stone walks, French governesses and their prams under the Chinese youngsters' tumble. They have 100 of foreigners on Shamenee Island.

## Quiet Anniversary in France

### Neither Left Nor Right Reverses the Commune

By Joseph Barry

PARIS.—The 100th anniversary of the Paris Commune is coming to an end. Not with the original but with an official silence. For two months it elaborately, ceremoniously uncelebrated by the French government. Nor has the French Communist party taken to the streets of Paris in its memory. The Commune is too alive, May, 1968, too recent. Students and young might again embarras the parties of both parties.

Internationally, the spirit of the Paris Commune, trouble for authority, old or new, left, right or mid, it was at Columbia University in 1968, when campus seized by the students were called communists. More this winter in Gdynia, Polish shipworkers in rebellion Communist authority named their shipyards the P. Commune.

The irony has surely not been lost on the local Communist party. As for the French government celebrated the events of 1871, would it have been so uprisings of March or the incredibly brutal suppression. Politically, it could do neither, though a street and in Paris bear the name of Adolphe Thiers, then he government. (Some recall the Paris Commune.)

It is striking proof of the schools of history and Edmund Wilson has written, "that people who have known the Robespierist terror during the great French Revolution should find it an unfamiliar fact that the terror of the number has been estimated at a hundred thousand that one week-of the suppression of the Commune (May 28, 1871) than the revolutionary terror of Robespierre done in three years."

## 'Seine Raw Red'

Actually the most famous "Reign of Terror" last more than a year and brought about 2,500 persons guillotine. During the single "Week of Blood" of 1871, 20,000 to 25,000 Parisians, all called Communards, so nervously estimated to have been put to death, most of them as prisoners of the government's Versailles.

"The Seine," a contemporary account says, "ran three days." And there is a yearly pilgrimage of red flags to the wall in Pere-Lachaise Cemetery in P. 147. "Communards" were lined up and shot. The Comm might add, executed less than 500 of its enemies 10 months of its existence.

The Paris Commune had begun in the spirit of fete. Thiers had signed an armistice with the Prussians sitting outside Paris, at the price of Alsace-Lorraine huge indemnity. His greater concern was with the citizens' National Guard and he sent 10,000 Montmartre, where the guas had been taken for 10 to fetch them. They failed, many of them fraternized the guardmen. Suddenly, on March 18, the electe Committee of the National Guard found itself, to its in power in Paris, since Thiers had fled to Versailles his government with him.

But there was no pursuit of Thiers and his government forces. "We have no mandate," said the Guard officers, and they announced elections. "We think as we, they will imitate us." "A decisive mistake said in London. "The proletariat stopped half-way would write, "Instead of annihilating its enemies, it exercised moral influence on them." Engels: "Nothing to understand is certainly the holy awe with which remained standing outside the gates of the Bank a negotiating loans.

## Brief Experiment

And so the Commune was elected and proclaimed on March 28 and would last until May 28. The proof even briefer exceptions, did not follow. But the Paris and danced. And even as it fought off the Versailles has become, particularly for anarchists, the esser legend.

Judges and officials, policemen and officers are subject to recall. Seldom, an English doctor's memo had Paris seen such cheerful order. Church was separate. Schools were opened to the public, night abolished in bakeries. Idle factories were progressively management—a plan that died as the collapsed.

Thiers came up from Versailles with a new army of 170,000. Methodically quarter by quarter established the "order" he had proclaimed, and in "bloody week" of May, completed the "expiation" promised. A month later, Adolphe Thiers had his vict on the Longchamp racetrack.



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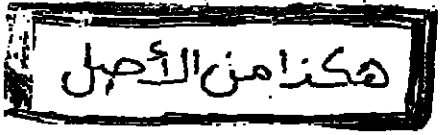
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# The U.S. and Russia: Edging Toward Detente

## Speculations Set in Train Nixon's Announcement

By Harrison E. Salisbury

WASHINGTON (NYT)—A Nixon-announced détente? Transmuting table-tennis diplomacy into a Washington-Washington "talk" of the arms race? The best of an end to the arms race? Just a big headline in a gambit?

to the President's announcement was the fact that it came just a week after another new and seemingly epochal development—the swift and positive response by the United States to a new Soviet proposal for a mutual reduction in East-West force levels in Europe.

With the United States and the Soviet Union heavily engaged in diplomatic efforts to defuse the Middle Eastern crisis—efforts personally led by Secretary of State William F. Rogers—the immediate reaction of diplomats was to ask whether a broad effort was under way between the two superpowers to bring into focus in some of the critical issues which divide them.

No one in Washington or elsewhere was offering yes or no answers. But two factors seemed self-evident. Nothing had actually been settled by the Soviet-American exchange on SALT. Nor were East and West any closer to agreeing to cut down their military establishments in Europe.

### Atmosphere Changes

However, the atmosphere between the two superpowers had been radically altered. The red lights on SALT and on talks between NATO and the Warsaw Pact had been changed to amber. Possibly even to green.

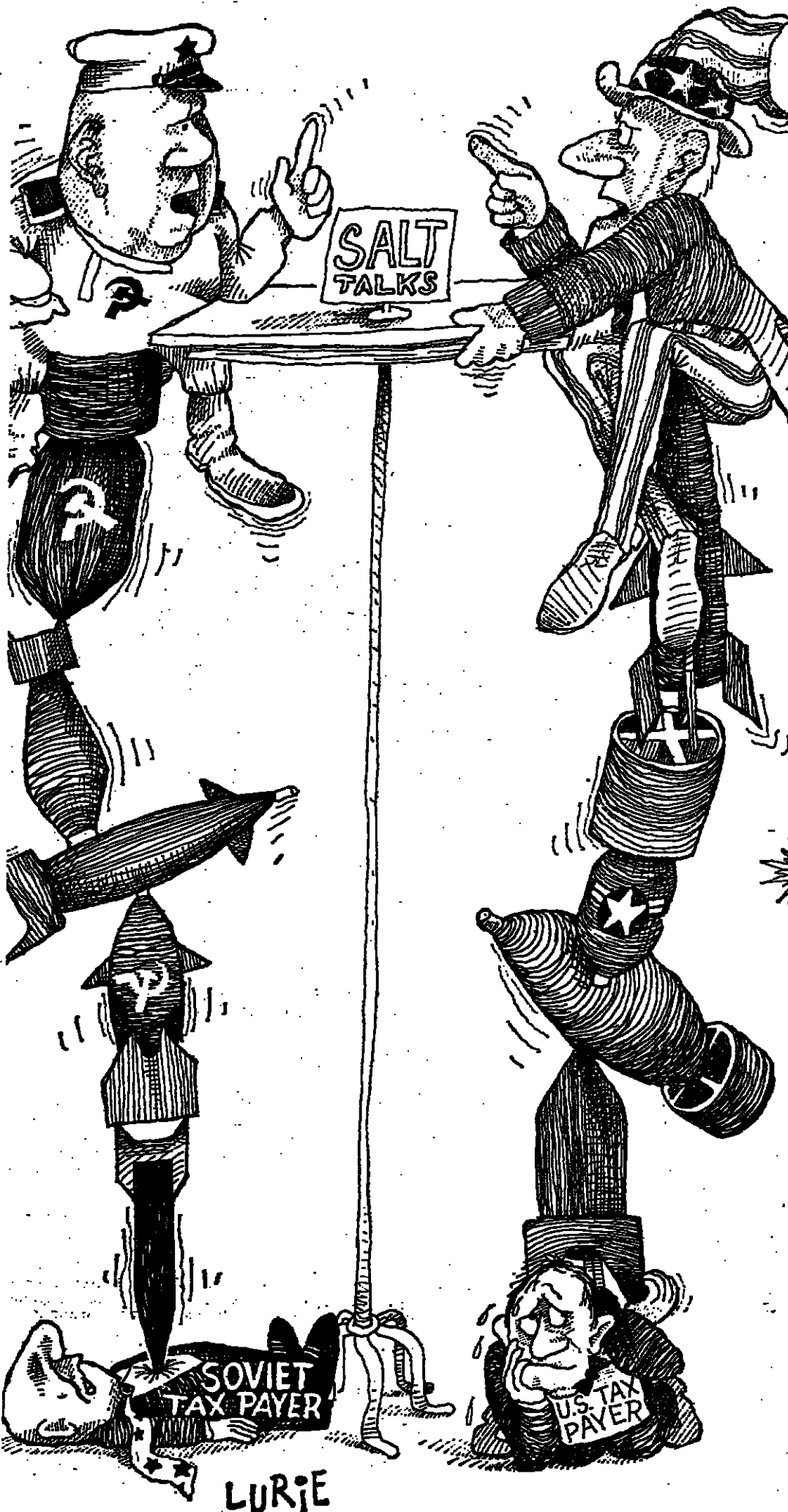
This was no small gain. As one UN diplomat suggested, "You can measure the achievement by imagining what kind of atmosphere the opposite announcements would have created—if Mr. Nixon had announced a breakdown at SALT or denounced Mr. Brezhnev's suggestion for new European troops talks."

The announcement simultaneously made by Mr. Nixon and Moscow radio established an agreement in principle under which the two powers will move forward in an effort to achieve agreement on control of nuclear weaponry. First, they will seek to agree on an anti-ballistic missile (ABM) limitation and "together with concluding an agreement to limit ABMs, they will agree on certain measures with respect to the limitation of offensive strategic weapons."

Behind this deliberately general and technical language are hidden months of hard bargaining and a private correspondence between Mr. Nixon and Moscow, presumably carried on by Premier Alexei N. Kosygin with the collaboration of Mr. Leonid I. Brezhnev.

The order of precedence in dealing with the ABM had been a major sticking point. The Soviet Union wished to negotiate only on the ABM. The United States wanted most of all an overall limitation on offensive weapons. The procedural agreement split the difference in a way most observers felt gave the Soviet Union a bit of a concession.

Mr. Nixon, in dealing with conflicting views of his own advisers, seemed to have come down in almost the precise center between those who favor no agreement



LURIE

at all and those who wish to go much further.

### Soviet Caution

Both Moscow radio and the Communist party newspaper, Pravda, seemed deliberately to

play down the significance of the SALT agreement. Soviet officials said that they did not wish to arouse public expectations prematurely, stressing the long distance which both countries must travel before record could be reached.

Mr. Nixon was openly enthusiastic. Some in Washington felt that he wished to stress his peace-making posture before a nation which he senses is more than war-weary. Political observers noted that the President had an opportunity to appeal di-

rectly to the country's peace sentiment and sought full advantage. Some sober second thoughts were voiced by Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird and there was an echo of this in a reminder which Mr. Nixon offered of the difficulties that lay ahead after he had met in the White House with his chief SALT negotiator, Gerard C. Smith.

But after all, these hostages had been given to fortune, the impression remained clear that in this area which both the Soviet Union and the United States regard as most critical to world peace and world survival a marked step had been taken away from the brink of nuclear suicide toward nuclear control, if not nuclear reduction.

Why such a step at this time? The Russians pointed squarely to their 24th party congress a little less than two months ago and the six-point peace program outlined March 30 by party secretary Brezhnev. This program included a call for an end to the Vietnam war, dismantling of the NATO-Warsaw pact organizations in Europe, ban and control of nuclear and other weapons, a five-power nuclear conference of the United States, the Soviet Union, China, Britain and France and end of the arms race and dismantlement of foreign bases.

### Speech at Tiflis

It was to this program that Mr. Brezhnev referred in a speech at Tiflis May 14 in which he touched off the diplomatic peace moves by saying: "All you have to do is to muster resolve to try the proposals that interest you by their taste. Translated into diplomatic language this means: 'Start negotiations.'"

And the Soviet Union was by no means confining its peace offensive to the United States. It took the occasion of Canadian Prime Minister Pierre E. Trudeau's visit to Moscow last week to sign an agreement of friendship, good neighborliness and mutual confidence.

For the first time since President Nixon proclaimed in his inaugural address that we would now move from the era of confrontation to the era of negotiation, it seemed that this was indeed the case.

There were those who suggested that perhaps Peking and table-tennis diplomacy deserved some credit for the transformation in atmosphere. The reality of China playing a major role on the international scene and the rapidly with which the long-tenacious U.S.-Chinese relations was melting under the influence of sports and journalistic visits had not gone unnoticed in Moscow.

### Competitive Desire

More than one observer wondered whether China's diplomatic success had influenced in Moscow a competitive desire to put its relations with the United States into order as a hedge against at least a partial Sino-American détente.

The possibility seemed to be emerging that the world would soon be confronted with genuine three-power relationships in which a move by Washington, Moscow or Peking would automatically produce repercussions in the other two capitals. This raised the prospect that within the foreseeable future the two-power arms talks of the superpowers would have to be transformed into three-power contacts.

# Polar Express!

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## Panthers Police Confrontation

KEESBY, Calif., May 23 (NYT)—The Black Panther party, says its latest group is making a change in its tactics—police confrontations, church attendance and new support within the community. Party "was very wrong to say that it could change the way we tried to do it. All we got was war of bloodshed," he said. The Panther party were to say "Dump the church we defected from community because the church is the one institution the black community is involved in." A lecture sponsored by a San Francisco Bay area school, Newton said: "The favor of the black city and left them behind. There's been a change in the of the central committee a change in thinking, going to go to church and in the church and in the community. We want of the support and favor black community." It is on policy in the Pan-organization became public when Newton and leader Eldridge Cleaver, in Algeria, clashed in an interview which was d. He advocated continued and attacks on the hunch. Newton, 39, a son, awaiting trial on charges in a riot, emphasizes work-free what the Panthers "political prisoners" and blacks into a political intention to operate with whom said. "We'll operate the system so we can it. It is wrong to say them can't give us any because it is just not true."

# France Creating an Industrial Brasilia on the Sea

By Jack Monet

SUR-MER, France (NYT)—A few months, the first industrial structures will be rising. Within five years, jobs opening up in Fos's deep-water port and heavy industries, and in associated services and subcontracting activities, will lead to almost the doubling of the region's 130,000 population. By 1985, the population will have tripled or quadrupled. Fos's population is expected to stay level at 2,500, the people who work there living in 12 other, now-small communities in the area. Smokestacks and apartment towers will range across the skyline from Marseilles, 35 miles to the east, to Arles, 45 miles to the west. Fos has launched a great and heated debate in Provence. The themes are those now universal in a world that is increasingly concerned with decentralization of power, revenue-sharing, pollution and the "quality of life." "People have talked only of Fos's industrialization, as if the aim were to imitate America," someone remarked at a recent forum on Fos in Marseilles. "But I'm afraid that this way, we will fall into the same trap as America, that is, succeed perhaps in industrialization but fail completely in achieving a satisfactory quality of life."

## Multibillion-Dollar Plan Builds Up The Region West of Marseilles

The swampland has been filled in and an incision more than two miles long and a half-mile wide has been dredged in the land to create a docking area equal to half the dock-length of Marseilles. Two more docking areas, almost as big, will eventually be dredged. The biggest industrial element at Fos will be the steel mill. It will produce seven million tons annually, which is a third of France's current production. The mill is an investment of Lorraine steel interests, who are moving away from that region because of the high cost of the iron ore and coal taken from partly depleted deposits there. Here, the mill will be closer to freight ships bringing West Virginia coal and Mauretanian iron ore. Some of the biggest names in French industry will be at Fos. Uglès-Kühmann will put up a steel mill too, producing specialized steel. Air Liquide will open a plant for industrial gases. Gas de France has set up a terminal for imports of natural gas from Algeria. Only one foreign firm, but a big one, has installed at Fos. Britain's Imperial Chemical Industries has broken ground for a plant producing 60,000 tons of polyethylene plastics. Henry Ford visited Fos, scouting for a plant site, but opted later for the prime minister's town, Bordeaux. Despite many rumors about great participation, the Soviet Union may provide some equipment for the steel mill, but not much more, according to port officials. American participation is limited

## A Paradox

Just how much people in the region will benefit from Fos is a question troubling the Provencans. As a labor union official remarked, the people here are in a "painful paradoxical situation." Unemployment in the region is twice the national average, but the jobs are not qualified for much of the work that will be created. For instance, at the steel mill, Government officials acknowledge that Paris has been slow in setting up technical training programs. The Provencans are worried that trained Lorraine steelworkers, seeking the sun, if nothing else, will get the jobs at the mill. Home construction is behind schedule. Some of the early workers at Fos are living in trailers. Schools will be a problem eventually, for government officials say no schools will be put up until a certain minimum number of children arrive in an area. Pollution already has a head start. Much of it affects the Etang de Berre, a huge sea lake, part of which planners envisage as sites for such leisure activities as boating and picnicking for the new population of the region. Several small rivers flowing into the Etang de Berre are polluted by Marseilles' refuse. (Only 5 percent of the waste of Marseilles, a city of one million, is treated.) A government power

## Big Names

Some of the biggest names in French industry will be at Fos. Uglès-Kühmann will put up a steel mill too, producing specialized steel. Air Liquide will open a plant for industrial gases. Gas de France has set up a terminal for imports of natural gas from Algeria. Only one foreign firm, but a big one, has installed at Fos. Britain's Imperial Chemical Industries has broken ground for a plant producing 60,000 tons of polyethylene plastics. Henry Ford visited Fos, scouting for a plant site, but opted later for the prime minister's town, Bordeaux. Despite many rumors about great participation, the Soviet Union may provide some equipment for the steel mill, but not much more, according to port officials. American participation is limited

## Transition

To commercial interests in this region, Fos appeared ideal for the opening of a new chapter in the history of Marseilles, which dates its founding to 600 BC, by Phoenician sailors. Fos had vast tracts of unused swampland and the deepest waters of any port area in Europe, advantageous for the competition for the traffic of the new huge oil tankers. Fos traces its name to the canal (Fosse Mariana) dug by Marius to enable Roman ships to reach Arles without passing through the turbulent waters of the Rhône estuary. In more recent times, its only vocation was leisure activities. The swamp area drew hunters in season. During the summer, families packed the town's long beach, where dozens of German World War II bunkers provide some shade. Tourists mounted the hills to see the old ramparts and church. Now, much of that is changing rapidly. Part of the beach has been amputated for an oil tanker dock, and the rest of it may never be popular again. It appears polluted, wind-whipped spray from the surf leaving oil streaks on the windshields of passing cars.

## A Rotterdam

Other participants in other forums have evoked the specter of a Fascian uglification of Provence—a fear of the dormitory cities ("rectangular parallelepipeds of raw concrete") and shantytowns of the Paris suburbs, where sports fields, cultural centers, parks and other sources of animation and balance in city life have been ignored.

## A Swampland

For a long time, the industrialization of Fos was indeed all that people in this area worried about. The idea for a "Rotterdam of the



## War... and Murder

The body of Ephraim Elrom is found in Istanbul, and two policemen are shot in the back in New York City. The one assassination marked the failure of an attempt to blackmail the Turkish government into releasing political prisoners; in the other, two men died in what seemed to have been a stroke on behalf of "oppressed third world peoples." The slain were tragically irrelevant to the apparent ends; the acts, whatever motives lay behind them, were murder.

There are those—not too many, probably—who would argue that the ends sought by the murderers justified the means. There are more, too many more, who believe that the institutionalized violence represented by the states the dead men served in their various capacities condones, if it does not actually justify, the killings. After all, this rhetoric runs, the Israel which made Ephraim Elrom its consul-general in Turkey waged war on the Arabs, killing many of them. And the United States has been fighting in Vietnam for a decade—to say nothing of those who have died as a result of police action in American cities. If killing per se is wrong, the conclusion would seem to be those who have killed the greatest number are the most guilty.

This kind of thinking does represent one facet of an awakening general consciousness that institutionalized violence is not automatically justified because it is committed by men in uniform, or in places of power, under the old rules of diplomacy or law enforcement. But, as in the case of the uproar over the conviction of Lt. Calley, it ignores

the fact that breaking those rules violently may be even more reprehensible, may lead to greater sins against mankind in general.

For both Israel's six-day war and America's intervention in Vietnam were preceded by breaches of the rules; by terrorist acts, just as that most stupid and terrible of wars, the First World War, was triggered by the murder of Archduke Franz Ferdinand and his wife. That the reaction—certainly in this last case—was out of all scale, and was actually the result of many other causes, does not mitigate the guilt nor should it conceal the terrible danger of encouraging small groups or individuals to make their own rules by murder.

It is one thing to seek to curb institutionalized violence and to avoid war. It is quite another to find excuses for those little wars which can cause big ones, or make every man with a gun a sovereign judge over his fellows. It may be well to look behind the robe, or the policeman's badge, or the soldier's uniform, and try to shape a society which will see to it that all act responsibly. But, in the meanwhile, it is imperative that the fanatic who acts outside, or against, the institutions men have set up for their own protection should also be held accountable. If war is murder, murder is war, and if presidents and potentates cannot, in justice, be allowed to shelter themselves behind their offices, neither can the secret killer be allowed to hide in his anonymity. By that very secrecy, by his irresponsibility, he is the more dangerous, and bears the greater moral burden of guilt.

## Solving the Payments Riddle

The dollar crisis has produced a burst of Nixon administration statements designed to prove that neglect, whether benign or malignant, does not represent the official United States balance-of-payments policy.

The White House is now weighing a long list of possible actions to improve American export performance through such measures as imposing strong pressure on other governments to reduce barriers against American goods, providing tax incentives and research and development assistance to exporters, and relaxing the antitrust laws to permit American firms to join forces to meet the challenge of foreign competition. Such specific proposals will have to be judged on their individual merits as they emerge, but there is danger that a new payments policy heavily focused on export promotion will divert attention from other basic causes of the nation's balance-of-payments problem.

The immediate cause of the dollar crisis was a huge flow of short-term capital into Europe; this had been going on for months before speculation—touched off by rumors of German revaluation—became frantic in May. During the first three months of this year, before the crisis broke, the United States incurred a record official settlements deficit of \$5.5 billion—this translates into an annual deficit rate of \$22 billion—chiefly because of shifts of dollars to Europe in response to higher interest rates on the Continent than in the United States. Interest rates here were down because of the business slump and easier monetary policy, while European rates were up as central banks sought to hold money tight to check rising inflation.

Federal Reserve Chairman Arthur Burns has said that interest rates should not be boosted deliberately to deal with the international situation. He believes that the bulk of the short-term capital outflow is over. However, American interest rates are in fact rising—and the prospect is that they will go still higher. There is reason to worry, as White House, Treasury, and Fed are doing, that an excessive rise of both short and long-term rates might cause the present recovery to abort.

But the climb in interest rates will be accelerated rather than slowed if an excessively loose monetary policy regenerates inflation. Chairman Burns has renewed his plea to the White House for a "cogent" incomes

policy to check rising wages and prices, but the President still regards this as a worthless proposal. Nor is there evidence that the administration intends to reduce its pressures for a monetary policy stimulative enough to restore full employment before the 1972 election. It is willing to run the risk of rekindling both domestic inflation and another international payments crisis.

The administration appears to have backed away from the notion that foreign governments must go on accepting unlimited dollars to cover United States deficits or upvalue their currencies if they want fewer dollars. Washington underestimated the resistance of foreign business and farm groups that saw their interests being hurt by currency changes as well as the bitterness of foreign governments over what they regarded as a crisis bred by the United States but foisted upon them.

Yet, in reaction to this lesson, the administration shows signs of trying to solve the balance-of-payments problem by rushing to the opposite extreme of growing desperate about the United States' inadequate trade surplus while neglecting measures to improve the overall payment and monetary adjustment process. Immediately, there is every reason for this country to press for wider bands around existing exchange rate parties, as well as for the reevaluation of currencies that are clearly out of line—especially the undervalued Japanese yen.

The administration needs a balance-of-payments policy that does not shift from one extreme—benign neglect—to the opposite extreme of hysterical worry about the nation's trade position. This country still has a moderate surplus of exports over imports, and that surplus increased in the first quarter. America is not being swamped by tidal waves of foreign goods.

The United States will benefit both itself and others if it pushes steadily for liberal trade policies, and shows that it means to practice what it preaches, without making a specific exception of textiles—or, for that matter, of steel, oil, or other products. This country must work closely with others to deal with common problems of economic policy coordination, exchange rates, trade, capital flows, monetary reserves and mutual security, all of which are involved in solving the complex balance-of-payments problem.

THE NEW YORK TIMES

## International Opinion

### Britain and the EEC

In his desperate endeavour to get into the Common Market Mr. Heath is permitting Britain to be used as a diplomatic pawn. The French want us as a counter-weight to Germany in the age-long rivalry between these two states. And for this "privilege" we must contribute hundreds of millions of pounds to maintain French farmers, force our housewives to pay sky-high prices for their food, and abandon our Commonwealth friends...

Certainly victory has been achieved in Paris. A victory won by French diplomacy over British interests.

The marketeers believe our membership of the community is all over bar the shouting. They are wrong. The people have still to make their voice heard. Inside Parliament. And in the country.

Britain has lost a battle. She has not lost the war.  
—From the Daily Express (London).

## In the International Edition

### Seventy-Five Years Ago

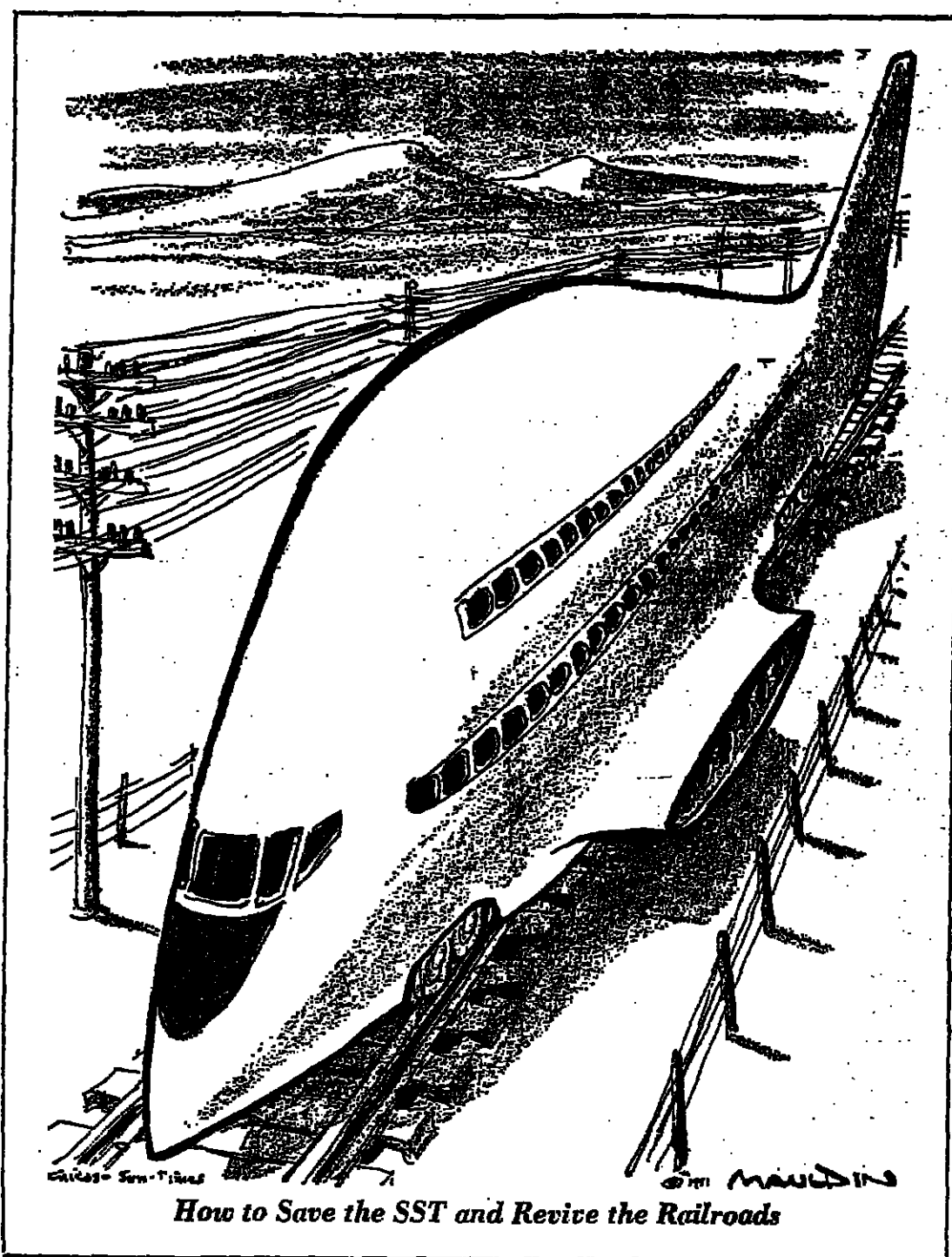
May 24, 1896

PARIS—Many happy returns of the day! Victoria, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India, attains the age of 77 years today, having been born on May 24, 1819. Her Majesty who succeeded to the throne on the death of her uncle, William IV, on June 20, 1837, is the doyenne of the sovereigns of Europe, the next in seniority being the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary.

### Fifty Years Ago

May 24, 1921

PARIS—The Orient Express will begin daily service between Paris and Constantinople on June 1 next. The express will traverse Lausanne, the Rhine valley, the Italian Lakes, Milan, Verona, Venice, Trieste, Zagreb, Belgrade, Sofia and Constantinople. Also a daily direct service between Paris and Bucharest will begin the same day, and arrangements have been made for a direct service between Paris and Athens three times a week. The age of the railroad!



How to Save the SST and Revive the Railroads

## All Over But the Shooting?

By C. L. Sulzberger

CAIRO.—This month produced in Egypt a series of shoddy Machiavellian plots whose net result has been to strengthen President Anwar Sadat and to confound those opponents who sought to overthrow him. The latter, hoping for the support of a mob, discovered instead that they had only a meek flock.

The show began May 2 when Aly Sabry, the unpopular vice-president who pretended to be Moscow's man in Cairo and who coveted the succession to President Nasser, attempted to oust Sadat over the new confederation between Egypt, Libya and Syria.

The president sponsored this to bring pressure on Israel, gain the backing of Libya oil money and shore up his flanks against radical Algeria to the west and Iraq to the east.

Sadat arrested Sabry easily but was unaware of a second plot led by Interior Minister Charaoui Gomaa, who detested Sabry but was working as a kind of obsequious to get rid of the president. On looking back it is astonishing that Gomaa's effort failed.

It included among its leaders all Egypt's real power symbols: the bosses of police, intelligence, security, parliament and the single party (Arab Socialist Union) plus the ministers of interior, war, electricity, housing, information and for presidential affairs.

### An Accident

Gomaa's conspiracy was exposed by accident Tuesday night, May 11. A police major in the baggage department under Gomaa was given wiretap recordings to file away, some in the regular archives and some in secret storerooms to which only Gomaa himself had access. One tape was illegible labeled. The major didn't know how to file it so he played it back on a recorder and was amazed to hear two well-known leaders attacking Sadat.

At 1 a.m. Wednesday, May 12, he decided to inform Sadat but was refused entry to the president's house. He finally persuaded a secretary that Sadat must be awakened and made to listen to two tapes which he handed over.

The president sat up with a start when he heard these, one recording his own voice. He telephoned loyal associates to warn them and decided to play a poker-faced game. He kept an appointment to speak to commanders of the Second Army and rode in a helicopter beside the war minister, Lt. Gen. Mohammed Fawzi, a key conspirator. As soon as he got back he dismissed Gomaa, secretly appointed the governor of Alexandria to replace him, and sent the new minister with three officers to seal off the huge Interior Department area where buggings were recorded. It was soon confirmed that a coup d'état had been planned for Thursday, May 20, with the seizure of Sadat by agents secreted among his guards.

Gomaa was arrested and it was announced on the radio Thursday that he had "resigned." At that instant the other conspirators were meeting in the war minister's office. They realized something had gone wrong when they heard the announcement and decided to resign en masse, assuming Sadat wouldn't fight

back, that chaos would result, and if demonstrators were shot by police, Gen. Fawzi would call out the army to maintain order.

The war minister summoned the commanders of the army, navy and air force and asked them to join the plot but they refused. Having heard of this meeting and also of Fawzi's participation in the new resignations, Lt. Gen. Mohammed Sadek, the chief of staff, entered and ordered the ex-minister out. He warned: "You no longer have a right to be here; we don't tolerate political meetings in this ministry."

### Arrests Ordered

Thursday night Sadat instructed the new police boss to arrest the conspirators and named the loyal Sadek as war minister. The general accepted, saying: "The army has no interest in politics. Everything is secure. We only await orders in one battle" (Israel).

After midnight Sadat was visited by his close friend, the well-known editor Mohammed Hassanein Elshah, who found the president sitting in his pajamas and dressing gown on his bedroom balcony overlooking the Nile. Sadat remarked simply: "They brought it on themselves." The affair is now wound up. The conspiracy proved to have many heads but one frail body. The populace has been demonstrating for Sadat ever since and he has emerged as a new strong man. The Russians, apparently not playing factions as Sabry tried to imply, are being low relations with the United States have, if anything, improved.

Everything is over but the shooting and, since the chances of peace with Israel have in the long run very possibly improved and since the Egyptians don't like to execute the leaders of even the most treasonable conspiracy, the chances are there won't be any shooting.

## Glimpses of the Future

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—In the last few days the French have finally accepted the idea of Britain joining Europe; the Chinese have turned a more genial face to the outside world; the United States and the Soviet Union have agreed on a new formula for discussing the \$200-billion-a-year arms race; the moderates in Israel and the Arab states have been making some progress toward peace, and even President Nixon and Lyndon Johnson have been meeting together in Texas and agreeing that, maybe after all, the course of history is more important than anything else.

Well, there is a lot of cynicism here about all this but something interesting and significant seems to be happening in the world. The course of history in the largest sense is much more hopeful than the newspaper headlines. Despite all the arguments between the political parties, the races and the nations, the elemental facts of life seem to be challenging and influencing the actions of all nations, at least in the advanced capitals of the world.

They all defend the ideological prejudices of the past, but modern technology, modern transportation and communication are clearly changing their policies at home and abroad. Wherever you look now, the big nations and the big shows are now doing precisely what they insisted they would not do just a few short years ago.

President Nixon, one of the original ideological and Communist warriors, is now concentrating on an accommodation with Moscow and Peking and following Keynesian economic policies he used to denounce. President Pompidou in Paris is bringing Britain into the European Common Market on terms President de Gaulle denounced. Chancellor Willy Brandt in West Germany is seeking an accommodation with Moscow and the Communist nations of Eastern Europe. President Sadat in Cairo is risking his political life for an accommodation with Israel.

And the elders of the Democratic party in the United States are rallying to support President Nixon against the nationalistic military policies of their own majority leader in the Senate.

### Elemental Forces

So underneath all the contentions of local and national politics, which divide men, it would seem there are elemental forces working in the world today that are affecting all peoples and compelling compromise and revision. China is coming out of isolation for practical reasons. She does not wish to stand aside while the post-Vietnam world is settled by the other major powers. Similarly, Europe is uniting for practical purposes. It cannot compete with the new industrial, military and political worlds of Russia and the United States unless it unites and integrates its policies, politics and economies. The American South, similarly, cannot keep pace with the North if it has a separate educational, legal and commercial base. Israel and the Arab states cannot share common lands and waterways without compromise—so whatever politicians have said in the past, they are forced to talk and compromise and adjust to the irresistible tides that are forcing nations to fight or cooperate.

### Forces of Life

All this clearly is very tentative. The rhetoric of the past still dominates politics everywhere, but very definitely, if very slowly, the fear of war and of monetary and economic anarchy is breaking down the old local, regional and even national barriers, and bringing the concept of interdependence into the politics of the world.

The reconciliation of Britain and France is only the latest illustration of the point. In the first days after the last World War, even General de Gaulle understood the uniting forces operating in the world. Later on, of course, he changed, and his doctrines of nationalism and prestige led him to veto

## The President Shows His Leadership

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON.—It was a great week for presidential leadership. With a little show of flexibility, Mr. Nixon asserted his control over dealings between Washington and Moscow.

In the process he stole the arms control issue from his liberal critics and guarded himself against a possible counterattack from the right. He thus put himself in position to come on strong as a peace candidate in 1972.

The big development of course, was the joint Soviet-American statement on the strategic arms limitations talks. Mr. Nixon had previously insisted that there had to be an intimate connection between an agreement on defensive weapons, notably the anti-ballistic missile, and offensive weapons.

The Russians favored an agreement that gave priority to a limitation on the ABM. Leading Democrats asserted that the President should, if necessary, take an ABM agreement only. It looked as though Mr. Nixon had boxed himself in.

Behind the scenes, however, the President initiated diplomatic moves to take himself out of the box. These moves bore fruit in the announcement made simultaneously in Washington and Moscow last Thursday.

**Limited Agreement**  
Basically, all the agreement provides is that the arms control talks can go forward. What the continuing negotiations will yield by way of results is not clear.

But the connection between defensive and offensive missiles which the administration had previously stressed so hard has been thinned to the vanishing point. The agreement announced last week provides, with exquisite vagueness, that the Big Two "will agree on certain measures with respect to the limitations of offensive strategic weapons."

In the background briefings, White House officials gave off the emphasis on the Big Soviet missile, the SS-9, which had previously been the justification for an insistence on tying offensive to defensive weapons in any agreement. Hints are now being put about that new Russian holes which the Pentagon

claimed were being an improved version of have in fact turned accommodations for a weapon, the SS-11, which less menacing as a possible strike threat.

In these circumstances any kind of agreement, future talks can be seen as the President's demand for a connection between offensive and defensive weapons. More exceedingly vague word statements about what would go to the treaty form, the mind about offensive weapons submitted in such a form less vulnerable. In that way the has already taken out against an attack in the from the hawks and in his own party.

### Mansfield Fo

The case with which Mansfield prepared to be a foil opponents was frustrated during the debate on the resolution American troops in East had been offered by leader Mike Mansfield. Sen. Mansfield is or most powerful men it has seen in a long time Mansfield beat his decisively.

What turned the tide Mansfield was a firm indication response to indications of will negotiate a mutual troop strengths. With nations in the offering responsible senators were to come out for a American reduction.

The lesson of all this son that Mr. Nixon has to resist ever since the White House, hostility to the president built into the system: body does not hate.

On the contrary, a prepared to show his diplomatic flexibility broad national support on got it last week, a continue to have it; he stays away from the and the diplomacy of tion.

## Letters

### The Road to Peace

Four years have shown that the Soviet Union is quite incapable of "delivering the goods," i.e. compelling Israel to withdraw from the administered territories. Following Nasser's overture, Sadat continues playing the American card, hoping to get from Israel's best friend what he could not get from his worst enemy. But both Russia and America, are facing an Israeli porcupine, unapproachable from any side. However much the Arabs wiggle and squirm, it has already become clear that the United States is not likely to succeed where the Russians failed. For once,

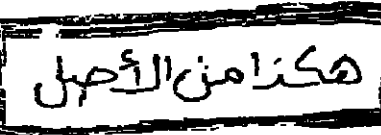
the big powers have to face with a tough knowing how to talk itself and not cower. They seem surprised and angered.

A big Arab war to the lost lands is out of the question—it would once an Arab defeat and knows it—Arabs, Ru Americans. Israel will every form of pressure campaign from friend. In the end, Egypt, as power which started 1967, will realize that it one single straight path: direct negotiations under the aegis powers alien to the Arabs must recognize Israel has learned, th. no altruism in politics: all powers, big and sr policies of self-interest is what Israel and A do. Throw the out! Who needs the Geneva.

BERTHOLD

### FBI Boy Set

When the neighbor Scout comes to sell co get his report on usual activities or la tivity" (KFT May 19, American should be p Here are some sug Refuse to buy his c explain carefully that coolies you bought we because they could radio transmitters. I are engaged in some activities" such as th TV set out of the wh this activity at once a to the boy that the TV on the blink six month you couldn't get a rre come and fix it, and were throwing it ou window because your was jammed. (3) If yo ing a nap in the after guilty of some other of activity". become once and explain to the Scout that you are h hurry to clean the base attic, a cupboard, a c fore your wife (husba home. Above all, BE PREPARED! CHARLES! Paris.





ADVERTISEMENT

ADVERTISEMENT

# South Africa's Business Leaders Speak Out

On May 31 the Republic of South Africa celebrates its 10th anniversary. These cooperatively sponsored advertisements show how South African business leaders spell out their faith in their investments after 10 years of Republican status



**H. E. Joosub**

The year 1860 posed a challenge to the British Colonial Office in South Africa for the young country had a serious labour problem. Without Indian immigration in that year the sugar plantations in Natal as well as South Africa's industrialisation and future development would have received a tremendous blow. Indians are a permanent part of the South African population and virtually all are born and educated in South Africa. They have become true children of the soil. They are prepared to work and make sacrifices for the country of their birth, not only for their own sakes but for the salvation, peace and prosperity of the country as a whole. They are a minority group, zealously guarding their identity and cultural heritage. South Africa has a four-stream development policy for its four racial groups.

This separate development is largely unacceptable to the outside world, mainly because of the prevalent pettiness in its application. Petty apartheid is abhorred by all Indians and by all who respect human dignity. The challenge that faced the country in 1860 is no different today. Indian South Africans are the most highly developed of the non-white groups. Their contribution to the growing national economy, both as skilled and unskilled labour, is fast gaining recognition. There is increasing sympathy among influential moderate leaders towards all groups, which cannot but eventuate in further goodwill and harmonious relations for a stronger South Africa.

*H. E. Joosub*  
Chairman

South African Indian Council



**Dr. Albert J. J. Wessels**

It would be naive for an industrialist like myself to be unconscious of the serious economic implications of the racial and political problems of the Republic of South Africa. It would be more than naive if I continue not only to live here, but also persist to invest every cent I earned and saved here. Yet, that is what I am doing and at the age of 62 years I am not naive. I do it because it is obvious to me that South Africa's industrial revolution has just commenced. In fact it only started seriously after the end of the second world war. During this period a significant socio-industrial development began: it is the training of the Bantu as a semi-skilled and skilled factory operator. The South African industrialist has at last succeeded to train factory managers and foremen who are socio-

gically and psychologically equipped to train and utilise to a fuller extent the Bantu worker. The result of this training programme was in many respects spectacular. For sustained economic growth the availability of labour is of great importance. Productive Bantu labour with its higher wages and greater spending power is a sound foundation for further growth, and herein lies my confidence of the economic future of this country.

*A. J. J. Wessels*  
Chairman

Wesco Investments Limited

**Dr. G. S. J. Kuschke**, D. Com., M. Sc., B. Com.

South Africa's economy has advanced to the stage where its future growth depends on secondary industrial activity. Continued industrialisation will be the characteristic of the future course of events. The industrial sector contributes 28.0% to G.D.P. In thirty years time it is projected to be 36.0%, which will give the South African economy a structure comparable to that of the industrially advanced countries of today. By the turn of the century the per capita G.D.P. is expected to be the same or higher than the present levels achieved in the majority of Western European countries. There is little doubt as to our potential to achieve this. In the last decade South Africa's real growth rate of 6.0% per annum was second only to those of

Japan and Western Germany. The factors responsible, i.e. savings, investment, natural resources, law and order and first class entrepreneurs, will continue to support a high rate of growth. Sufficient earnings in foreign exchange will depend on our ability to achieve and maintain a rate of increase in the exports of manufactured products in excess of our past performance. This means enhanced international trade, in particular with the industrially advanced countries.

*G. S. J. Kuschke*  
Chairman

Industrial Development Corporation of South Africa Ltd.



**R. G. Rennie**

Transportation of people and goods has been the lifeblood of the Rennie Organisation since it was founded in 1843. We have grown rapidly with the development of South Africa and particularly so in the last five years, when profits before tax have increased from R300,000 to R3,000,000, earnings per share from 8 cents to 23¢, and assets from R6 million to R33.5 million. The extent of the highly sophisticated services which the Group has to offer ranges from parcel delivery to 150 ton loads by road, from the complete transportation arrangements for oil refineries to air freight and air charter, from stevedoring bulk cargoes to luxury touring arrangements and from ship-owning to shooting safaris. Rennie is the major name in transportation now in Southern

Africa, and with the container revolution on our threshold, we are gearing ourselves to take a leading part in transportation in the future. We believe firmly in the stability of South Africa and the part which she must surely play in the future strategic plans and trade patterns of the West and East, standing as she does at the crossroads of both worlds.

*R. G. Rennie*  
Chairman

Rennie's Consolidated Holdings Limited



Lions we've got.  
Hotels we've got.

You want to know about the hotels?



If you think we've got lions roaming our streets, you're going to be disappointed. And, unless your name is Davy Crockett, boy, are you going to be happy! In our cities we have luxury hotels, air-conditioning and four-lane highways. In our

game parks we have the greater kudu, the square-lipped rhinoceros and the nocturnal aardvark. It is an arrangement which seems to work well. For us, for the aardvark - and for our visitors.

Thank you for putting me straight. Now I'm definitely interested in visiting your country. Please send me, free of charge, more exciting facts about South Africa.

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

(Just send this to your nearest South African Tourist Corporation office, addresses below.)

**South Africa**  
The best of both worlds

\*SATOUR - GREAT BRITAIN - 11 Lower Regent Street, London S.W.1. Tel. 01-483 7652; SATOUR - WEST GERMANY - 6 Prunkstrasse am Main, Altonaer-Hafen, Am der Hauptstrasse 11, 78, 20115 Hamburg 23133; SATOUR - FRANCE - Rue de Richelieu 104, Paris 2e, Tel. 763-1677 and 763-1672; SATOUR - ITALY - Piazza Venezia 101, 00187 Roma, Tel. 476-770 and 488-651; SATOUR - NETHERLANDS - Leidschestraat 91-95, Amsterdam C, Tel. 629-10001.



**Alles van die beste**

In the South African language of warm hospitality, this means 'everything of the best'. It's also a friendly salutation. But on South African Airways it means both. So when one of our hostesses smiles at you, you see a little bit of sunshine. And when she's helping you to a rock lobster tail or rich Cape liqueur, it really is everything of the best. In every way it makes very good sense to fly SAA. The Boeings we fly are right up to the minute. In fact, SAA will be the first international airline to operate the new 747Bs later this year. What's more our new SAAFARI

computer sorts out all your travel problems. Linked to our offices throughout the world, it instantly books your accommodation, arranges car-hire facilities, air/sea interchanges, tour itineraries... the works! So, if you're thinking of flying to South Africa, whether it's from New York, Rio, Australia or Europe, look for a Boeing with a Springbok on its orange tail. It's a sure sign of warm hospitality.

We fly your way  
**SAA**  
SOUTH AFRICAN AIRWAYS





# South Africa's Business Leaders Speak Out

On May 31 the Republic of South Africa celebrates its 10th anniversary. These cooperatively sponsored advertisements show how South African business leaders spell out their faith in their investments after 10 years of Republican status



## J. N. Reddy

As we celebrate the 10th anniversary of the Republic of South Africa, the Indian community looks back on a record of substantial progress which commenced with the acceptance of the South African Indians as a permanent part of the South African population in 1961. Hitherto the policy of successive Governments was the repatriation of the Indian population to India.

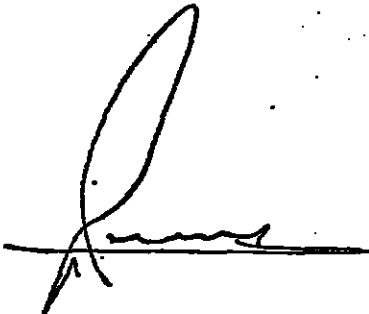
In the climate which then prevailed Indian progress in the educational, social and economic fields was to a very large extent regulated by the Indian community's own ability to contribute financially towards their progress.

With the creation of the Department of Indian Affairs in 1961 a planned programme for the economic and social upliftment of the community was put into operation by the Government. Spectacular progress has been made in the field of education and every Indian child is now assured of primary, high school and university education. Technical education is now being imparted to enable Indians to acquire skills which will offer more interesting and well paid positions. The Indian community is now actively engaged in the creation of financial institutions which will mobilise resources for increased economic activity.

The starting of The New Republic Bank Ltd. is a major step in this direction. We believe that with a well trained labour force comprising technicians, business administrators and operatives coupled with readily available financial resources, the Indian community can contribute not only to their own progress but also to that of the country as a whole. More than 84% of the Indian population is concentrated in the Province of Natal. It is projected that the province will register tremendous progress with the large scale industrialisation, planned for

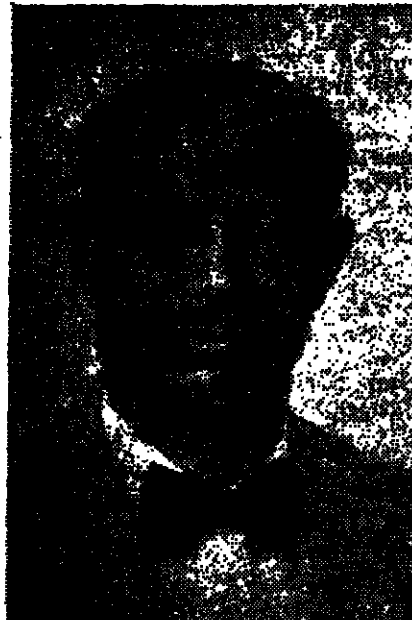
the next 20 years. With the progressive decline of the foreign exchange earnings of our gold mines the need for export oriented secondary industry is both real and urgent. This offers a challenge and a great opportunity for the Indians to obtain a sizeable share of the industrial growth in Natal, because of the Province's suitability for such industries. This province is expected to forge ahead in industrial growth because of its location in close proximity to the large port of Durban coupled with the availability of both labour and raw materials. The availability of water resources is another factor which is causing planners to direct future industrial expansion to Natal.

I have no doubt about the Indian community's ability to register increasing progress in all directions in the future.



Managing Director and Chief Executive

**The New Republic Bank Limited.**



## Dr. M. B. Naidoo, member of the Indian Council.

The phenomenal industrial growth within the Republic in recent years must compel attention in the world of trade and finance. The growth owes its success to something more than just technology or human skills; it is the character of the Afrikaner entrepreneur whose resoluteness and sincerity of purpose have become the over-riding factors in the nation's prosperity.

South Africa is poised for great commercial and industrial undertakings because of the quality of its man-power and the vision and confidence of its entrepreneurs. In its colourful historic past it was not without its men of eminence. A Smuts was not without involvements in the international scene nor was a Kruger less honoured by the world for his political sagacity and his

patriotic zeal. In this unique environment, Gandhi was South Africa's contribution to India's independence. Confidence in the future of the Republic as a country capable of generating the highest skills and utilising the best that modern technology can provide has never been greater. Of all the diverse resources the country is capable of commanding, the human resource is the greatest. In effect, it is and will be the most enduring element in the Republic's national prosperity.



Retired Principal

**Sastri College, Durban.**

## William S. Ford

Good design bridges all international differences and markets. Southern Africa has proved fertile for the growth of design in its broadest sense. Here we can both call on Unimark's International pool of knowledge and talent and by the same channels help South African companies to expand into world markets. Unimark in South Africa is an extension of American business thinking. Our experience in the South African market places us in a unique position to advise and guide American companies on product development, graphic communication and marketing. The scope of opportunity in South Africa is unlimited. We believe true design is a most effective marketing aid when tailored to suit specific market

requirements. Bilingualism, for example, demands special consideration in South Africa and often affects such items as packaging, design, and shareholder materials.



Managing Director

## UNIMARK INTERNATIONAL

Corporation for Design & Marketing  
Chicago Illinois, New York N.Y., Denver Colorado, Detroit Michigan, San Francisco California, Johannesburg South Africa, London England, Milan Italy.



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A boarding pass, à la carte. And at the rate we operate, you can be sure that there'll always be a flight - out or back - for you to choose from. Paris-Johannesburg, for example, 7 times a week.

And dinner too... à la carte. All the elegance, all the variety of French cuisine at 30,000 feet. With a choice of true gourmet fare for 1st Class passengers.

Vintage Bordeaux. Or a little dry white wine. Champagne, or the finest brandy. It's all à la carte on a U.T.A. flight.

Card games, chess, coloring books for the children. An à la carte selection of ways to pass the time.

So you see, a flight with U.T.A. is a flight à la carte.

**FRENCH AIRLINES UTA**  
EXTRA DISTANCE DEMANDS EXTRA SERVICE

\* In cooperation with South African Airways

# south africa '70

The seventies. A new decade. new outposts and new achievements. A dynamic South Africa. Forward thinking, developing, industrializing. Expansion everywhere; on land, sea, and in the air. New products, new techniques, new technology. And the driving power behind it all - the help of the Industrial Development Corporation. The I.D.C. is justly proud of its contribution to the development of South Africa, spurred on by the challenging prospects, and determined that valuable new ideas will not founder due to lack of financial support.

**INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION**

Industrial Development Corporation of South Africa Limited.  
Van Eck Building, 19 Rissik Street, Johannesburg.  
Box 6905, Telephone 836-3636, Telex J7715.

مكتبة من الكتب



Eurobonds

Long-Awaited U.S. Convertible Issue

By Carl Gewirtz

PARIS, May 23 (AP)—The long-awaited convertible issue of an American borrower...

It is an aggregate of 17 reference currencies—all European—and remains unchanged in value so long as one of the reference currencies maintains its original parity.

Tenneco International, a subsidiary of the U.S. oil and chemical firm, is in the market with 100 million deutsche marks worth of 15-year bonds at an expected 7 3/4 percent.

And Dow Corning announced its \$20 million, 15-year bonds will carry an 8 1/2 percent coupon. The issue is guaranteed by both parent firms—Dow Chemical and Corning Glass.

Judging from the performance on the secondary market, where the recently-issued dollar bonds slipped below their offering price, some bankers questioned whether the Dow Corning issue would have to be priced at a discount.

The \$15 million, 15-year, 8 1/2 percent bonds were priced last week at 98 1/2 and subsequently traded at 97 1/2.

The \$15 million of 7-year notes, priced at par with a coupon of 8 percent, were quoted at 98 3/4. The Nickel, whose \$30 million, 9 percent bond was priced at par in the preceding week, finished last week at 98 3/4.

Economic Indicators

WEEKLY COMPARISONS

Table with columns: Latest Week, Prior Week, 1970, May 16, May 9, May 17. Rows include Commodity Index, Currency in circ., Total loans, Steel prod, Auto production, Daily oil prod, Freight car loadings, Elec Pwr. kw-hr., Business failures.

MONTHLY COMPARISONS

Table with columns: April, Prior Month, 1970. Rows include Employed, Unemployed, Industrial production, Personal income, Consumer's Price Index, Money supply, Construction contracts.

\*1970 omitted. Figures subject to revision by source.

Commodity Index, based on 1957-59=100 and the consumers price index, based on 1967-109, are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Industrial production is Federal Reserve Board's adjusted index of 1957-59=100. Imports and exports are well as employment are compiled by the Bureau of Census...

As expected, the South African Iron & Steel Corp.'s 100 million DM issue was priced last week at 98 with a coupon of 7 3/4 percent for a yield of just over 8 percent.

With the gulder market effectively closed until the parity question is settled in the Netherlands, Luxembourg has stepped in with a two-branch franc issue in which a two-branch franc issue sharply this year, turned down...

N.Y. Stocks Undergo 'Correction', But Optimism On Long-Term Prospects Prevails on Wall St.

By Thomas E. Mullaney

NEW YORK, May 23 (AP)—With the approaching first anniversary of the deepest decline in the stock market's bullish plunge of last year, investors have been reminded rather cogently this month that the market has entered a potentially vulnerable area.

Security analysts have been anticipating for some time a normal and "healthy" correction in stock prices after their fantastic run-up since last November and the earlier spurt from the nadir of May 26, 1970, when a 7 1/2-year low was touched in the leading market yardsticks.

The correction has finally come this month, with the downward move accentuated in last Monday's sharp decline. A conjunction of several adverse news developments ignited the expected profit taking that produced the market's steepest one-day drop in 11 months.

In the background at the start of the week were widespread speculation that interest rates, especially the prime lending rate of the commercial banks, were headed upward and concern over the start of a strike by railroad signmen that disrupted railroad service throughout the country.

There was also lingering worry over the recent international monetary crisis and confirmation of the deteriorating U.S. balance-of-payments position.

There was little else in the week's economic or political developments that gave any real impetus for the market in either direction. The Commerce Department disclosed that housing starts, which had been rising sharply this year, turned down...

4.4 percent in April. However, starts were 55 percent above last year's level and the outlook was still encouraging. Consumer prices continued to advance moderately in April, according to another government report, while new orders for durable goods declined 3 percent last month to a seasonally adjusted \$31.1 billion.

The stock market's downturn last week was brief and limited, as long-term optimism still prevailed on Wall Street. The current consolidating phase, security analysts say, may carry further—perhaps to the 880 area in the Dow index—but prospects for new historic highs this year are still considered bright.

Even though technical indicators, such as declining short interest and the low cash positions of the mutual funds, may weigh

down the market at this time, experts say that the fundamental factors are still bullish. These include the gradual recovery of business from the 1969-1970 recession, the new housing boom now under way, the low level of speculative interest in the market, and the continuing winding-down of the Vietnam war.

Meanwhile the trend toward higher interest rates and lower prices for fixed-income securities continued last week, but there was a small recovery in bond prices in the latter part of the week.

In addition, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York reported last week that business loans had expanded markedly for the first time since last September.

On Wednesday, Arthur F.

Burns, the Fed chairman, testified before the Senate Banking Committee and supported the administration's view that interest rates here need not be raised to improve the international position of the dollar. He again called for a meaningful "incomes policy."

That testimony was the chief cause for the credit markets' new-found stability on Wednesday and Thursday. Prices had fallen so sharply for so long that traders were looking for some reason for a turnaround.

With business loans rising and the business recovery proceeding, the case for interest rates remaining high seems the stronger one at the moment.

In its monthly economic letter, the First National City Bank of New York said that the accelerating pace of the business recovery "suggests that the optimists in the economic forecasting fraternity will come closer to the mark in 1971 than the pessimists."

The bank, like various government agencies and officials, has been in the optimistic camp. The standard government projection has been—and apparently still is—a gross national product of about \$1,065 billion this year. The New York bank and others, such as the Argus Research Corp., are not far below that prediction, but most economists have been clinging to the view that the GNP will rise only to \$1,057 billion from last year's \$978 billion.

Sustained Momentum. However, top administration aides have been noting that the economic upturn has been broadening during the last two months, and First National City said that "the momentum imparted by the recovery from the auto strike has (Continued on Page 13, Col. 6)

Amex and Over-Counter

By Alexander R. Hammer

NEW YORK, May 23 (AP)—The American Stock Exchange and the over-the-counter market moved lower last week in moderate trading.

The exchange's price index closed off 35 to 25.86. Volume totaled 2,932,248, compared with 20,861,240 the previous week.

The most active stock was Citicorp, which rose 1/2 to 5 3/8 on volume of 430,600 shares. The company agreed to sell 3 million shares of its stock to Newport Industries with an option to the purchaser to acquire an additional 1 million shares.

Asamera Oil was the second most active issue, climbing 1 1/8 to 22 1/2 on sales of \$70,100 shares. Asamera announced a new discovery well in offshore North Sumatra.

The third most active issue was Syntex, which rose 1 1/2 to 66 7/8 as the company reported sharply higher earnings. Volume totaled \$11,200.

The National Quotation Bureau's index of 35 unlisted industrial stocks fell 9.82 to 457.52. Westchester Corp. climbed 20 on the strength of higher earnings. Data General Corp. rose six as interest in its minicomputers increased.

Over-Counter Market

Large table listing various over-the-counter stocks with columns for High, Low, Last, and Net Change. Includes companies like Gen Research Corp, KPA Nuclear Inc, etc.

Table listing various over-the-counter stocks with columns for High, Low, Last, and Net Change. Includes companies like Putnam Fund 1.00, Qualify Courts Inc, etc.

Table listing various over-the-counter stocks with columns for High, Low, Last, and Net Change. Includes companies like Telecomm Pk 2.00, Telecommunications, etc.

Table listing various over-the-counter stocks with columns for High, Low, Last, and Net Change. Includes companies like Station Capital, Brecken 25, etc.



NOW WE CAN HELP YOU IN FRANKFURT, TOO.



Daiwa Bank's new representative office in Frankfurt opens today. We also have a London branch, an agency in New York, a representative office in Los Angeles and a joint venture bank in Djakarta.

The Daiwa Bank Limited Frankfurt Representative Office 6 Frankfurt/Main Grosse Gallusstrasse 15

Representative: Tatsuo Yokota Deputy Representative: Teisuiji Kawaguchi

DAIWA BANK Head Office: Osaka, Japan

Domestic Bonds

Table of Domestic Bonds with columns for Bond, Price, High, Low, Last, Net Change.

Bond Sales on the New York Stock Exchange

Table of Bond Sales on the New York Stock Exchange with columns for Bond, Price, High, Low, Last, Net Change.

Table of Bond Sales on the New York Stock Exchange with columns for Bond, Price, High, Low, Last, Net Change.

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Bonds

Table of Bonds with columns for Bond, Price, High, Low, Last, Net Change.

These securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

£ 60,000,000 European Currency Units

Ente Nazionale per l'Energia Elettrica (ENEL)

7 3/4% Guaranteed Bonds Due May 1, 1986

Republic of Italy

- List of banks and financial institutions: White, Weld & Co., Banca Commerciale Italiana, S. G. Warburg & Co., Bankers Trust International, etc.

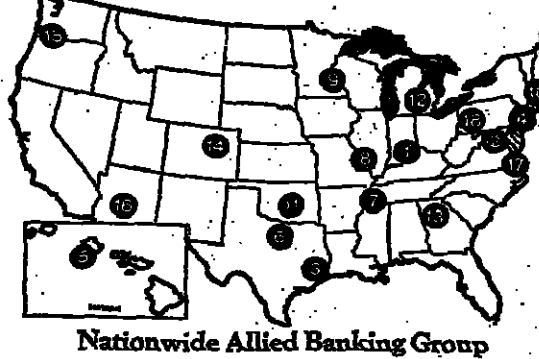
- List of international banks: Julius Baer International, Bank Mees & Hope N.V., Banque Francaise de Depots et de Titres, etc.

Allied Bank, a new dimension in International Banking

An international commercial bank based in New York, Allied provides banks, corporations and individuals access to the entire United States market through its unique nationwide network of shareholding banks and correspondents.

The Allied Concept: To furnish clients with geographic coverage and financial capacity that, in the past, has been provided by only a few of the largest money market banks.

Now in its third year of operation, Allied has capital funds exceeding \$37,000,000 and total resources of more than \$300,000,000. Shareholding banks in the Allied Banking Group have capital funds of over \$1,200,000,000 and total assets exceeding \$18,000,000,000 with 760 branch or affiliate offices from the Atlantic to Hawaii.



- List of Allied Bank branches: 1. American Fletcher National Bank and Trust Company, Indianapolis, Indiana. 2. American Security and Trust Company, Washington, D.C. 3. Bank of the Southwest, N.A., Houston, Texas. 4. Fidelity Union Trust Company, Newark, New Jersey. 5. First Hawaiian Bank, Honolulu, Hawaii. 6. First National Bank of Fort Worth, Fort Worth, Texas. 7. First National Bank of Memphis, Memphis, Tennessee. 8. First National Bank in St. Louis, St. Louis, Missouri. 9. First National Bank of St. Paul, St. Paul, Minnesota. 10. Hartford National Bank and Trust Company, Hartford, Connecticut. 11. Liberty National Bank, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. 12. Michigan National Bank, Lansing, Michigan. 13. Trust Company of Georgia, Atlanta, Georgia. 14. United Bank of Denver, N.A., Denver, Colorado. 15. United States National Bank of Oregon, Portland, Oregon. 16. Valley National Bank of Arizona, Phoenix, Arizona. 17. Virginia National Bank, Norfolk, Virginia. 18. Western Pennsylvania National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

مكنا من الأصيل



New York Markets

Table with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, and Change. Includes sections for Bonds, Foreign Bonds, and Insurance Stocks.

Europeans Increasingly See Need for Dollar Devaluation

By Hobart Rowen
MUNICH, May 23 (UPI)—On the eve of a major international financial meeting here, there is increasing talk throughout Europe of the need, in one way or another, for a modest devaluation of the U.S. dollar.

London Rejects Women Brokers

LONDON, May 23 (Reuters)—The London Stock Exchange maintained its ancient sex barrier Friday and refused to admit women as members. The vote was 1,287 to 955 to retain the barrier.

N.Y. Stock Prices Undergo a 'Correction'

(Continued from Page 11) Burns indicated as much last week, and other high U.S. officials have said that the primary objective of monetary and fiscal policy will continue to be directed toward strengthening the domestic economy.

Market Averages

Table showing Market Averages for Week Ended May 22, 71, including Dow Jones, S&P 500, and NYSE.

N.Y. Stock Exchange

Table showing N.Y. Stock Exchange data for Week Ended May 22, 71, including Sales, High, Low, and Close.

Treasury Bills

Table showing Treasury Bills data for Week Ended May 22, 71, including Bid, Asked, and Yield.

Bank Stock Quotations

Table showing Bank Stock Quotations for the week's trading, including various bank names and their prices.

US \$15,000,000

Advertisement for OSTERREICHISCHE KONTROLLBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, 8% per cent Bearer Notes due 1976, guaranteed by THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA.

International Bonds

Table showing International Bonds (A weekly list of non-dollar denominated issues), including units of account and various bond types.

American Exchange

Table showing American Exchange data for Week Ended May 22, 71, including Sales, High, Low, and Close.

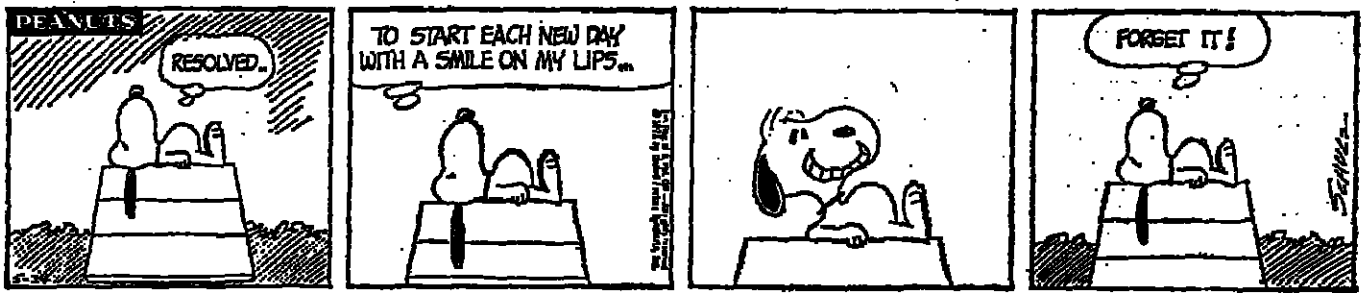
Large advertisement for 'The helpful bank.' featuring THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA and THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA. Includes text: 'To get a start in Canada you need the help of our bank on taxes, labour, government guidelines, economic facts, and other pertinent information. Write today (on your letterhead) for your free copy of "Businessman's Canada" and see how helpful it can be.' and 'Canada's International Bank'.

PACIFIC-WEST INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION advertisement, PRICE TODAY \$13.15, with contact information for Seattle, Washington.

Oppenheimer & Co. advertisement, 'We are pleased to announce that Leo G. Sheldon has joined our firm as an Account Executive.'



PEANUTS



B.C.



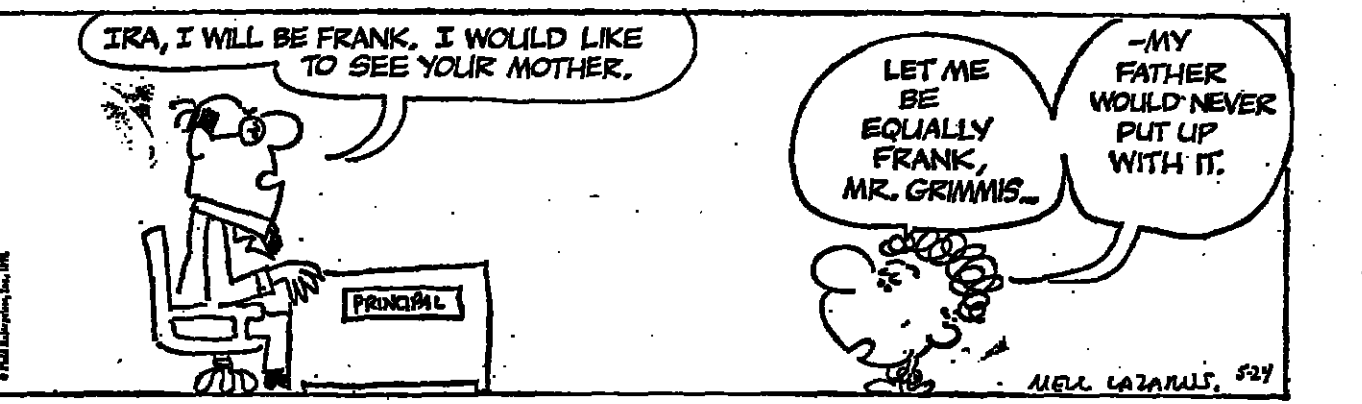
L.I.L. ABNER



BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

In the Greater New York Bridge Association match in which the diagramed deal was played, both North players opened one spade and both Souths responded one no-trump.

two diamonds, a heart and a club. In view of South's delicate entry position, he should have abandoned the "normal" heart play at the second trick and played the queen.

NORTH (D)
AK863
105
A07
KQ3
WEST
Q94
J74
K102
J974
EAST
J1072
K883
62
A108
SOUTH
AQ62
J9543
852

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding: North East South West 1 A 1 N.T. Pass 3 N.T. Pass Pass Pass West led the club four.

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. TELAP, LIVAL, SCOTUC, DEWPOR



BOOKS

BIRDS OF AMERICA

By Mary McCarthy. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 344 p. Reviewed by Hilton Kramer

It is impossible, in our condition of society, to think of a man as a snob, not to be a snob, but to be a snob. And things have surely gotten worse in this respect no less than in others since Thackeray observed the scene. Technology, mass production, mass culture, increased affluence, the whole drift toward a mechanical and spiritual homogenization—the very dynamics of modern society conspire to destroy the authority of the old standards in everything from styles of cookery to the morals of warfare. Memories of the way things used to be grow dimmer but ever more precious.

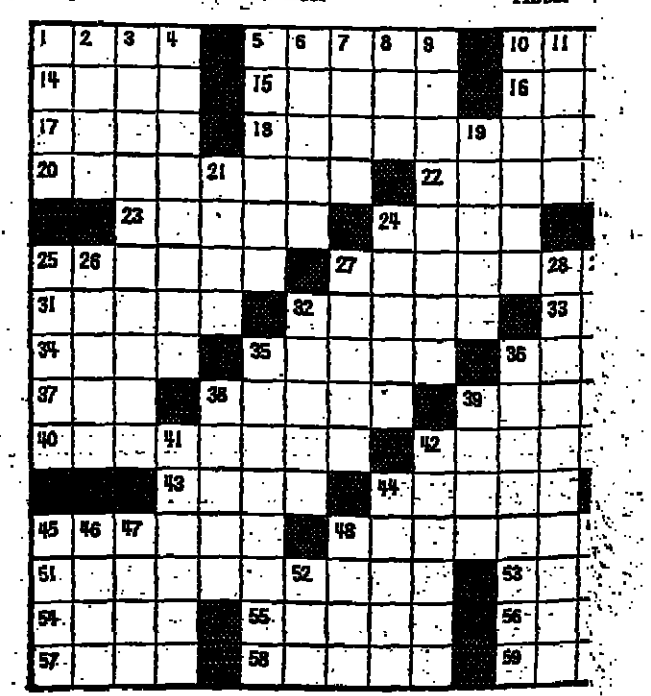
What a profound, hilarious novel might be written on this subject! A traditionally comic stance—at once foolish and vulnerable—transmuted, through the painful vicissitudes of history, into a heroic, perhaps even a tragic posture. The fool revealed as the wise man, snobbery redeemed as a spiritual vocation. In this the novel that Mary McCarthy set out to write in "Birds of America?" For pages upon pages of this book, the unwary reader—his mind bemused by Miss McCarthy's reputation as a satirist, wit, and social critic—might have every reason to suppose so. Surely, one thinks, there must be some higher literary purpose at work in these solemn litanies of taste rising in repeated, interminable crescendos. For the virtues of old-fashioned cookery, gardening, needlework, and domestic craftsmanship of every kind are not merely extolled in this novel, they are paraded with lists, inventories, whole catalogues of items, from some ideal herder, some utopian potting shed, and a composite fantasy of all the small-town hardware stores, fish markets, and vegetable stands that once adorned the economy of American life. Whole sections of "Birds of America" read like a valentine to Fanny Farmer.

There are, to be sure, some characters in this novel, though they are the least important—less real—to the author than are things. The hero, Peter Levi, is a young pig who, despite the divorce of his parents, has been carefully nurtured on the highest moral, intellectual, political, cultural, culinary, horticultural, and ecological standards. The heroine, Rosemound Brown, is his absurd mother, an over-cultivated cipher who is not only a well-known virtuoso at the harpsichord but also an absolute whiz at every sort of cooking, baking, and canning, at sewing and gardening and the recognition of every species of flora and fauna, and—well, who could possibly keep track of a complete list.

CROSSWORD

By W

ACROSS
1 Populace: Prefix
5 Drink with gusto
10 Phonograph record
14 Words from Caesar
15 Dispatch boat
16 Space
17 That money unit
18 City on the Hudson
20 People who avoid obligations
22 Ability
23 Dispositions
24 Measure of Bengal
25 Hands on hips
27 Caverns in N. M.
31 Ad offerings
32 Judy of TV
33 Go astray
34 Places
35 "Moby Dick" captain and family
36 Brake part
37 Bird of Samoa
38 Nursery items
39 Tiny particles
40 Bark yielding quinone
42 Musical sounds
43 Tibetan priest
44 Pumpkin relative
45 Bedouins' home
48 Showing sorrow
51 "You're My Favorite"
53 Alpine sight
54 Goods
55 Region of Asia Minor
56 "— bet"
57 Place for a coin
58 Indians
59 Some votes
DOWN
1 Coming-out girls
2 Relative of ecc.
3 Site of Lick Observatory
4 Results
5 Rio Grande city
6 Declares
7 Targets in a game
8 Nautical initials
9 Back gates
10 Stalls of tearjerker
11 Dies
12 Spotted
13 Conveys
19 Bird of a quarter
21 African antelope
24 Snide re
25 Meat jel
26 Island in state
27 Of an Ish shrines
28 Indebted
29 Scent
30 Treat a
32 Ping Pong
35 Fragrant
36 Gets gol
38 Fastidious
39 Wild she
41 Table w/
42 Two-wb vehicles
44 "Arabian Nights"
45 Does me
46 Of grand
47 Play role
48 Tree
49 Fry
50 — before
52 Not verb
53 Abbr.



مکان من الأهل



# Stewart Is Never Headed for Grand Prix of Monaco

**Bernard Kirsch**  
**MONT CARLO, May 23 (UPI)**—Stewart made it through round one of the Grand Prix of Monaco and saved the Queen today. The prize was much easier than he expected, starting from the pole and taking the lead at the wave of the flag and the checkered flag, marked the end of the race, the Scot's second head of the Grand Prix of Monaco in a March. Stewart was a comfortable 30 seconds ahead of the rest of the field. "I could have gone faster," Stewart said about an hour after the race.

rebuilding of the car was that "I couldn't get any air into the cockpit," Stewart said. When he got out of the Tyrrell it was ceremony time and that meant a greeting from the Prince and Princess of Monaco and the placing of a wreath around his neck. All that time, Stewart was holding his stomach.

"I never thought I'd make it through 'God Save the Queen,'" said Stewart. He did, but only by a matter of seconds.

Next it was matter of getting through the movie sequences for what will probably be the closing scenes of a film he is making with movie director Roman Polanski, who said, "I suspect the race was fixed. Anyway, it was a terrible ending for a movie." The ending was too Hollywood because two weeks ago it was

doubtful that this Tyrrell-Ford could be made ready in time for Monte Carlo.

At a Formula One race two weeks ago in Silverstone, England, Stewart was going 100 miles an hour when he braked and ended up going into an embankment, completely demolishing the body of his favorite car. Another Tyrrell was made available to him. It wasn't needed.

For ten days, two shifts of 16 to 19 hours a day and the car was ready Wednesday, a day before the Monte trials, in which Stewart had the best time.

Stewart's time was the best in the Monaco race's history, as he drove the 80-lap course in 1 hour 52 minutes 21.3 seconds for an average speed of 134.356 kilometers an hour.

After Stewart, quickly taking the lead, Jo Siffert of Switzerland in a BRM, Jacky Ickx of Belgium in a Ferrari and Peterson joined the pursuit.



GOING FOR THE COLLAR—Mario Andretti of Nazareth, Pa., pensively bites collar after failing to qualify at Monaco.

## Andretti Is a Washout At Monte Carlo Trials

**MONT CARLO, May 23 (UPI)**—The Ferrari mechanics couldn't do anything with their machine and Mario Andretti couldn't fix the weather and the combination kept America's premier driver waiting at least another year for his first winning drive through Monte Carlo in the Grand Prix of Monaco.

"It was the first time I've failed to qualify anywhere," said Andretti, after everyone ganged up on him and prevented him from getting into today's race.

"I've waited a long time to come here. I think I could get to like this place. But I can't lay down and cry now." The tears were in his eyes as he talked about the weather, which made the course slow and caused the Ferrari mechanics to equip their car with heavy-treaded rain tires.

When the rain finally stopped, with 1 1/2 hours of trial time remaining, Andretti was helpless because his regular car, which received a new engine the previous evening, was not in racing condition because of a bent 15-cent bearing.

Andretti was then given the reserve Ferrari, of Belgium's Jacky Ickx, but that was worthless because he could hardly see over a screen in front of the car and then the car developed ring gear and pinion trouble and the former Indianapolis 500 winner was helpless.

Andretti finally wound up with the 20th best qualifying time—Jackie Stewart led with 1 minute 22.2 seconds—but only the top 18 qualified. This was the first time all drivers had to qualify for this race. Andretti's wife said before the rains came that all the Ferrari with the new engine would have to do "is start and Mario will qualify." The engine did start, but so did the rain.

## Battrick Lifts 1st Title by Beating Franulovic

**BRNEMOUTHE, England, May 23 (Reuters)**—Unseeded Battrick of Britain won her first major tennis title yesterday when she upset Zeljko Franulovic of Yugoslavia in the final of the \$36,000 British court championships.

The 25-year-old British Cup finalist won only in the third set, winning by 6-3, 6-2, 6-0.

Battrick collected \$4,100 and a diamond tiara from the Margaret Court of Australia.

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Mary Ann Curtis of St. Louis and Françoise Durr of France won the women's doubles crown, beating Mrs. Court and Miss Goolagong, 6-3, 5-7, 6-4.

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Liquori, never pushed, finished a comfortable ten yards ahead of Rex Maddaford of New Zealand, who attends Eastern New Mexico University.

Winds gusting up to 45 miles an hour bothered the runners, who continually had to wipe dust from their eyes. Liquori solved the situation by wearing sun glasses.

# Orioles Cut Red Sox Lead to 2

**BALTIMORE, May 23 (AP)**—Frank Robinson drove in five runs with a pair of home runs, the second capping a seven-run rally with two out in the fourth inning, as the Baltimore Orioles walloped the Boston Red Sox, 12-3, in the first game of a doubleheader today.

The victory cut Boston's lead in the American League East to two games.

Dave Johnson also had a two-run homer as the Orioles rapped off 13 hits in support of Jim Palmer, who ran his won-lost record to 4-2.

Lower Gary Peters, 4-3, yielded a three-run homer to Robinson in the opening inning but trailed only 3-2 when he walked Johnson after retiring the first two batters in the fourth.

The next six Orioles connected safely, with runs scoring on hits by Palmer, Mark Belanger, Paul Blair and Brock Robinson, and another on a double steal before Frank Robinson again blasted one over the fence.

After Perez unloaded his sixth homer of the year, a two-out shot off starter Chris Short, the Reds scored two unearned runs. Short walked Lee May and Al Ferrara lined a ball to left that Joe Lis misplayed into a two-base error, which scored May. Tommy Helms followed with a double to score Ferrara.

Giants 7, Astros 4

Bobby Bonds collected three hits, knocked in three runs and scored the decisive tally as San Francisco beat Houston, 7-4. Bonds, whose second-inning triple capped a two-run rally, singled in the fourth and eventually came home on Willie McCovey's bounce to give the Giants a 5-3 lead. Bonds capped the Giants' scoring with a two-run double in the fifth.

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## Sunday

teammate Denny McLain as Detroit beat Washington, 5-0, behind Mickey Lolich's four-hit pitching. Kaline's two-out homer followed a lead-off single by Ed Brinkman in the third and Cash homered in the seventh following a double by Willie Horton. Kaline also had a sacrifice fly in the eighth. Lolich, 7-3, struck out ten in winning the much publicized duel with McLain, 4-7.

Brewers 4, Royals 0

Rookie Bill Fawcett hurled a four-hitter and doubled home two runs as Milwaukee whipped Kansas City, 4-0. Parsons' double broke up a scoreless tie in the fifth and sent Bruce Dal Canton to his second loss of the season. Ron Theobald drove in Parsons with a single. John Briggs homered in the eighth and Brock Robinson followed with a double. Jim York and broke a string of 101 innings in which the Kansas City staff had not allowed a home run.

Yankees 6, Indians 3

Roy White pitched three hits, including two doubles, and Frank Baker and Jerry Kenney got two safeties each to pace New York to a 6-3 victory over Cleveland. Fritz Peterson, 4-3, allowed Cleveland just five hits in pitching his first complete game of the season and ending New York's five-game losing streak.

Mets 4, Braves 0

In the National League, Ray Sadecki made only his second start of the season and fired a five-hitter and New York blanked Atlanta, 4-0. Sadecki, 2-0, struck out seven. The victory kept the Mets in first place in the National League East, percentage points ahead of St. Louis. Pittsburgh lost to fall into third, a game back.

Cardinals 5, Padres 1

Rookie Reggie Cleveland celebrated his 23rd birthday by pitching St. Louis to a 5-1 victory over San Diego and driving in his first run in the major leagues. In running his record to 4-2, the right-hander fanned eight for his major league high. Milt Alou extended his hitting streak to 15 games by doubling home Don Heck in the first inning for a 2-0 St. Louis lead off Roger Steve Arlin, 1-6.

Expos 4, Pirates 2

Rookie right-hander Ernie McC...

## A's Hunter Stops Twins On 2 Hits for 8th in Row

**OAKLAND, May 23—Jim (Catfish) Hunter fired a two-hitter for his eighth consecutive victory as the Oakland Athletics, with Tommy Davis batting in three runs, trimmed the Minnesota Twins yesterday, 5-1.**

Hunter, who lost his first two starts this season but has not been beaten since April 11, limited the Twins to a fifth-inning home run by rookie Steve Braun and a two-out single by Cesar Tovar in the ninth.

They were the only batters to reach base against the 25-year-old right-hander, who pitched a perfect game against the Twins in 1969.

Davis, playing first in place of Mike Epstein because the Twins started lefthander Jim Kaat, drove in two of his runs in the first with a single and added his first home run of the year in the seventh after Reggie Jackson hit his seventh, a 450-foot smash to center.

The A's scored their other run in the third when Jackson, who had opened the inning with a single, dashed home from third on a wild pitch by Kaat.

Hunter struck out six as he went the distance for the seventh time.

Orioles 5, Red Sox 2

Brooks Robinson triggered a two-run third inning with his fifth home run and Mike Cuellar pitched a fourhitter as Baltimore turned back Boston, 5-2.

Twins 3, Senators 1

Back-to-back home runs by Aurelio Rodriguez and Jim Northrup with one out in the first inning rolled Detroit to a 2-1 victory over Washington. Detroit got only three hits in the game.

Indians 2, Yankees 1

Steve Dunning scattered seven hits in picking up his fourth victory of the season and scored the winning run on an error by catcher Jake Gibbs in the seventh inning as Cleveland beat New York, 2-1.

White Sox 13, Angels 0

Pitcher Wilbur Wood mesmerized California with his knuckle ball as he made his first major league complete game a shutout while Chicago smashed 14 safeties on its way to a 13-0 victory over the Angels.

Wood gave up six hits and not a California player got past second base.

Brewers 12, Royals 0

Tommy Harper and Kille Rodriguez drove in the runs that helped Milwaukee trounce Kansas City, 12-0. Harper, who went into the game batting .182, singled to knock in two second-inning runs, which scored a five-run first inning and added a sacrifice fly in the third as St. Louis downed San Diego, 7-4, and Chris Zachary gained his first major-league victory since 1967.

## 14 Bucs Fan As Stoneman Of Expos Wins

**MONTREAL, May 23 (UPI)**—Back-to-back homers by Rusty Staub and John Bateman in the third inning carried the Montreal Expos to victory over the Pittsburgh Pirates last night, 5-4, as Bill Stoneman allowed four hits and struck out 14.

Staub's fourth homer, a two-run blast, came with two out after Ron Hunt walked and Clyde Mashore hit into a fielder's choice. Bateman followed with a long blast to left field for his third homer.

Stoneman, whose strikeout total set a club record, got Willie Stargell and Richie Hebner three times each. He walked four.

Astros 2, Giants 1

John Mayberry, with his first hit since being recalled from Oklahoma City Friday, drove in Cesar Cedeno with a two-out single in the 12th inning to give Houston a 2-1 victory over San Francisco.

Phillies 5, Reds 3

Joe Lis slammed a two-run homer and Willie Montanez added a two-run double, leading Philadelphia to a 5-3 victory over Cincinnati. Barry Lersch scattered seven hits to pick up his third victory in seven decisions while Jim Merritt, a 20-game winner for the Reds last year, suffered his sixth straight loss.

Cubs 5, Dodgers 2

Milt Pappas survived a shaky second inning and went on to hurl Chicago to a 5-2 triumph over Los Angeles. Pappas, who picked up his fifth victory against five losses, gave up four singles in the second inning, but the Dodgers scored only one run because leadoff man Duke Sims, in an attempted steal of second, missed a signal.

Mets 8, Braves 7

Don Clendenon's two-out single in the 11th inning scored Tim Lincecum to give New York an 8-7 victory over Atlanta. The Mets came from behind to tie the score twice, with two runs in the ninth and one in the tenth.

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Rookie Bill Fawcett hurled a four-hitter and doubled home two runs as Milwaukee whipped Kansas City, 4-0. Parsons' double broke up a scoreless tie in the fifth and sent Bruce Dal Canton to his second loss of the season. Ron Theobald drove in Parsons with a single. John Briggs homered in the eighth and Brock Robinson followed with a double. Jim York and broke a string of 101 innings in which the Kansas City staff had not allowed a home run.

Yankees 6, Indians 3

Roy White pitched three hits, including two doubles, and Frank Baker and Jerry Kenney got two safeties each to pace New York to a 6-3 victory over Cleveland. Fritz Peterson, 4-3, allowed Cleveland just five hits in pitching his first complete game of the season and ending New York's five-game losing streak.

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In the National League, Ray Sadecki made only his second start of the season and fired a five-hitter and New York blanked Atlanta, 4-0. Sadecki, 2-0, struck out seven. The victory kept the Mets in first place in the National League East, percentage points ahead of St. Louis. Pittsburgh lost to fall into third, a game back.

Cardinals 5, Padres 1

Rookie Reggie Cleveland celebrated his 23rd birthday by pitching St. Louis to a 5-1 victory over San Diego and driving in his first run in the major leagues. In running his record to 4-2, the right-hander fanned eight for his major league high. Milt Alou extended his hitting streak to 15 games by doubling home Don Heck in the first inning for a 2-0 St. Louis lead off Roger Steve Arlin, 1-6.

Expos 4, Pirates 2

Rookie right-hander Ernie McC...

## A's Hunter Stops Twins On 2 Hits for 8th in Row

**OAKLAND, May 23—Jim (Catfish) Hunter fired a two-hitter for his eighth consecutive victory as the Oakland Athletics, with Tommy Davis batting in three runs, trimmed the Minnesota Twins yesterday, 5-1.**

Hunter, who lost his first two starts this season but has not been beaten since April 11, limited the Twins to a fifth-inning home run by rookie Steve Braun and a two-out single by Cesar Tovar in the ninth.

They were the only batters to reach base against the 25-year-old right-hander, who pitched a perfect game against the Twins in 1969.

Davis, playing first in place of Mike Epstein because the Twins started lefthander Jim Kaat, drove in two of his runs in the first with a single and added his first home run of the year in the seventh after Reggie Jackson hit his seventh, a 450-foot smash to center.

The A's scored their other run in the third when Jackson, who had opened the inning with a single, dashed home from third on a wild pitch by Kaat.

Hunter struck out six as he went the distance for the seventh time.

Orioles 5, Red Sox 2

Brooks Robinson triggered a two-run third inning with his fifth home run and Mike Cuellar pitched a fourhitter as Baltimore turned back Boston, 5-2.

Twins 3, Senators 1

Back-to-back home runs by Aurelio Rodriguez and Jim Northrup with one out in the first inning rolled Detroit to a 2-1 victory over Washington. Detroit got only three hits in the game.

Indians 2, Yankees 1

Steve Dunning scattered seven hits in picking up his fourth victory of the season and scored the winning run on an error by catcher Jake Gibbs in the seventh inning as Cleveland beat New York, 2-1.

White Sox 13, Angels 0

Pitcher Wilbur Wood mesmerized California with his knuckle ball as he made his first major league complete game a shutout while Chicago smashed 14 safeties on its way to a 13-0 victory over the Angels.

Wood gave up six hits and not a California player got past second base.

Brewers 12, Royals 0

Tommy Harper and Kille Rodriguez drove in the runs that helped Milwaukee trounce Kansas City, 12-0. Harper, who went into the game batting .182, singled to knock in two second-inning runs, which scored a five-run first inning and added a sacrifice fly in the third as St. Louis downed San Diego, 7-4, and Chris Zachary gained his first major-league victory since 1967.

## 14 Bucs Fan As Stoneman Of Expos Wins

**MONTREAL, May 23 (UPI)**—Back-to-back homers by Rusty Staub and John Bateman in the third inning carried the Montreal Expos to victory over the Pittsburgh Pirates last night, 5-4, as Bill Stoneman allowed four hits and struck out 14.

Staub's fourth homer, a two-run blast, came with two out after Ron Hunt walked and Clyde Mashore hit into a fielder's choice. Bateman followed with a long blast to left field for his third homer.

Stoneman, whose strikeout total set a club record, got Willie Stargell and Richie Hebner three times each. He walked four.

Astros 2, Giants 1

John Mayberry, with his first hit since being recalled from Oklahoma City Friday, drove in Cesar Cedeno with a two-out single in the 12th inning to give Houston a 2-1 victory over San Francisco.

Phillies 5, Reds 3

Joe Lis slammed a two-run homer and Willie Montanez added a two-run double, leading Philadelphia to a 5-3 victory over Cincinnati. Barry Lersch scattered seven hits to pick up his third victory in seven decisions while Jim Merritt, a 20-game winner for the Reds last year, suffered his sixth straight loss.

Cubs 5, Dodgers 2

Milt Pappas survived a shaky second inning and went on to hurl Chicago to a 5-2 triumph over Los Angeles. Pappas, who picked up his fifth victory against five losses, gave up four singles in the second inning, but the Dodgers scored only one run because leadoff man Duke Sims, in an attempted steal of second, missed a signal.

Mets 8, Braves 7

Don Clendenon's two-out single in the 11th inning scored Tim Lincecum to give New York an 8-7 victory over Atlanta. The Mets came from behind to tie the score twice, with two runs in the ninth and one in the tenth.

Cardinals 7, Padres 4

Ted Sizemore doubled in two runs to cast a five-run first inning and added a sacrifice fly in the third as St. Louis downed San Diego, 7-4, and Chris Zachary gained his first major-league victory since 1967.

## Pross Leads 3rd Round Texas Golf

**PORT WORTH, May 23 (AP)**—Pross, the 51-year-old local amateur champion, led a swirling winds yesterday and a three-under-par 67 to move to the third-round lead in the \$100 Colonial National Invitational golf tournament.

Pross, twice the United States titleholder, had a 54-hole record of 208, one under par on the heroes, windswept, 7,142-yard Club Country Club course. Stockton was second at 210.

## Pross Leads 3rd Round Texas Golf

the grand-slam champion, took the women's title by beating Evonne Goolagong of Australia, 7-5, 6-1.

Mary Ann Curtis of St. Louis and Françoise Durr of France won the women's doubles crown, beating Mrs. Court and Miss Goolagong, 6-3, 5-7, 6-4.

## Sight-Second Lead

By the 20th lap, Stewart had Siffert by eight seconds and by the 30th the lead was more than 15 seconds and only mechanical trouble could have stopped Stewart from winning. It was time to take it easy.

But Stewart doesn't know how to go slow, started setting lap records and, on the 57th go-around, he did 1:22.2.

Stewart didn't want to take any chances of slowing up and thus acting unmanably because he has had, each time he has led, the lead at one point. Today, though, was only his second Monte Carlo victory. He won in 1968.

The victory gave Stewart 24 points in the drivers' standing, where he will be as hard to catch as he was today. Ickx, who finished third today, is second with ten points and Mario Andretti, who failed to qualify here, is third with nine from his victory in South Africa. Stewart won at Barcelona, and even with today's race being a breeze, he still said "I drove better at Barcelona."

One of the competitors who might have given him a chase was Graham Hill, five-time winner here. But Hill had to abandon the race when he crashed on the second lap. It was the wheel of his Tyrrell-Ford touched the barrier and sent his car skidding across the track. Hill was unhurt.

And all Hill could do was sit in the pits and watch Jackie Stewart go for a Sunday drive around Monte Carlo.

## Liquori Resorts to Sun Glasses To Shade Mile Field in 4:10.9

**EL PASO, Texas, May 23 (AP)**—Marty Liquori of Villanova, battling swirling dust and strong winds, won the mile at the El Paso Invitational track and field meet yesterday in the slow time of 4 minutes 10.9 seconds.

Liquori, never pushed, finished a comfortable ten yards ahead of Rex Maddaford of New Zealand, who attends Eastern New Mexico University.

Winds gusting up to 45 miles an hour bothered the runners, who continually had to wipe dust from their eyes. Liquori solved the situation by wearing sun glasses.

## Sunday

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Orioles



